

# SUMMER PRACTICE PACKET

## From 4<sup>th</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup>

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Reading Comprehension

Read the passage, answer the questions, and highlight information found in the text you used to answer the questions. Circle the main idea, and put a "2" next to words you don't know.

### Crocodile or Alligator

Crocodiles and alligators are different. They both live in water. One has a V-shaped mouth. It is a reptile. It has lived on Earth for millions of years. It is sometimes described as a "living fossil." Do you know what animal gives you some more clues.

One cone shaped teeth do **not** stick out when it's mouth is closed. They use their mouth to help them get rid of extra salt. They live in swamps and marshes. They eat different animals like fish, turtles, and even deer. There eggs become male or female depending on the temperature. In warmer temperatures the eggs become male. In cooler temperatures, the eggs become female. This animal is only found in the states of Florida, Louisiana, and China. If you thought of an alligator, it is correct.

How are alligators different from crocodiles?

What do they both have in common?

Which text structure did the author use to write the story? (circle one)  
 a. cause and effect      b. compare and contrast

What do alligators eat?

Explain how a crocodile can live easier in salt water.

Upper Elementary

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Name: \_\_\_\_\_

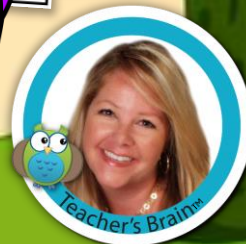
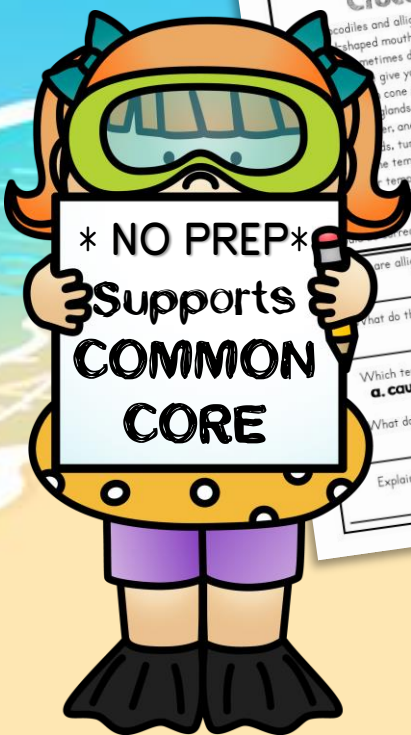
### Greater Than Less Than

MATH 4.NBT.A.3

Simplify and compare the values using the symbols  $<$ ,  $>$ ,  $=$ .

1. $12-4$ <input type="checkbox"/> $20-2$	9. $19-4$ <input type="checkbox"/> $11-2$
2. $5-5$ <input type="checkbox"/> $10-2$	10. $21-4$ <input type="checkbox"/> $30+2$
3. $12-1$ <input type="checkbox"/> $6-3$	11. $12-4$ <input type="checkbox"/> $7-1$
4. $16-3$ <input type="checkbox"/> $10-2$	12. $8-4$ <input type="checkbox"/> $20-2$
5. $25-4$ <input type="checkbox"/> $9-9$	13. $7-4$ <input type="checkbox"/> $23-2$
6. $18-3$ <input type="checkbox"/> $37-2$	14. $17-7$ <input type="checkbox"/> $9-2$
7. $52-1$ <input type="checkbox"/> $70-52$	15. $12-4$ <input type="checkbox"/> $10-6$
8. $31-0$ <input type="checkbox"/> $50-2$	16. $10-1$ <input type="checkbox"/> $20-8$
	17. $12-8$ <input type="checkbox"/> $33-3$
	18. $41-4$ <input type="checkbox"/> $10-6$
	19. $19-3$ <input type="checkbox"/> $21-5$
	20. $12-4$ <input type="checkbox"/> $21-5$

This was: (circle one) **EASY** **JUST RIGHT** **CHALLENGING**



## Table of Contents

p.1	Cover
p.2	Table of Contents
p. 3	Note to Parents
p. 4	Oral and Physical Activities
p. 5	Reading Log
p. 6	4 <sup>th</sup> Grade Sight Word List
p. 7-9	Words that are easily mixed up. (to, too, two, a, an, there, their, they're)
p. 10	Prepositions
p. 11	Abbreviations
p. 12	context Clues
p. 13	Commas in Clauses
p. 14- 15	Word Sort
p. 16 – 21	Spin a Suffix
P. 22-25	ABC order (1 <sup>st</sup> letter, 2 <sup>nd</sup> letter and 3 <sup>rd</sup> letter)
p. 26-30	Rewrite the Sentences Correctly
p. 31-37	Reading Comprehension Passages
p. 38- 39	Greek and Latin Root Words
p. 40-42	Common and Proper Nouns, Adjectives, Singular and Plural
p. 43 -44	Relative Pronouns and Adverbs
p. 45- 46	Biography
p. 47-52	Writing (Narrative, Opinion and Informative)
p. 53-60	Weekly Journal
p. 61-97	<b>MATH</b> (factors, multiplication, division, money, fractions, comparing numbers < > =, probability, lines, symmetry, equivalent fractions, graphing, perimeter and area, and rounding to the nearest 10, 100 and 1000)
p. 98	Credits

**NOTE TO TEACHERS:** Pick and choose what you want to send home for the summer or print pg. 3-97 to send it all home.



## How to use this SUMMER PACKET...

Each activity in this packet is designed to prepare and review skills your child should know to enter 5<sup>th</sup> grade. They relate to standards. On several pages, you can find the standard number, (e.g. "4.MD.A.1") to help you find more on-line support for the standard, if needed.

The activities can be explained by an adult, but most of what is in this packet should be a review for your child. Children should be able to complete most activities independently. If you are using this packet for a third grader, be prepared to spend a lot of one on one time with your child helping them with the concepts.

I recommend setting a 20 to 30-minute block of time for your child daily to work on these activities. They should enhance their summer vacation!

*Print out pages. 3-97 as needed, and re-print the Weekly Summer Journal.*



## HOT Parent TIPS...

- ➡ **The** best way to keep your child prepared for the next year of school is to have them actively engaged in educational activities all summer.
- ➡ **Use** oral and physical activities in conjunction with this packet. Kids this age need to move and be verbal! (see suggestions on the next page)
- ➡ **Encourage** you child to use the large vocabulary words in their writing and oral language. Get excited when they recognize a word that is from the list!
- ➡ **Print** out the summer journal each week. Use it to have your child describe their summer days. It makes for a great keepsake! Use suggested writing prompts, if they get "writer's block" and encourage using the sight word list. They can even add real photos from their vacation.
- ➡ **READ DAILY** with your child! This is the **most important** educational support you can give your child. Even if it is a short 5-minute reading of a cereal box. It shows you value reading, and models daily use for your child to follow.

# ORAL AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITIES

These are suggestions of ways to make learning engaging this summer with your child.

1. Crack open a dictionary. Ask them to find a hard word like, “integrity” in the dictionary. Then, have them explain the meaning to you.
2. Teach your child how to do the laundry.
3. Play a board game with your child.
4. Teach your child to set the table. Have them count all the silverware. Reinforce the “game” by offering desert for the right answer. Continue with teaching them how to make a special dinner.
5. Children at any age love to paint! Give them watercolors and paper outside. Let them go crazy with splattering/flicking paint on the paper. If they have an outdoor playhouse, let them paint it with watercolors. When it rains, it come right off.
6. Encourage your child to tell you a prediction to an ending to a movie or story.
7. Tell your child they can only watch TV or play a video game if they can tell you the time on the clock. (not digital 😊 )
8. Encourage your child to do a garage sale with you or open a lemonade stand to earn a little extra money. Tell family members to visit so they can not only participate but test them on giving change for items.
9. Father’s Day is often overlooked during the school year, so let your child make a project or go shopping for dad and give them a budget.
10. Encourage your child to produce words that rhyme and challenge them to make a rap using the rhyming words.
11. At bedtime, ask your child to sequence the events of their day.
12. Create a new dance move or handshake with your child.
13. Do some woodwork with your child but let them use a hammer and nails to build something like a birdhouse with your supervision.
14. Ask your child to show you a Jumping Jack, Push Up, or how to skip.
15. Use chalk outside to make Hopscotch. Teach them how to play.
16. Have your child figure out how to play frisbee or tennis.

## LEARNING SHOULD BE FUN!

When it’s fun, they are engaged.

When they are engaged, they can master any rigor thrown at them!





# Summer Reading Log



Keep a record of all the great books you read over the summer.

Share it with your teacher when you return!

Date	Title	RATE IT	Parent signature
		☆ ☆ ☆ ☆	
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		☆ ☆ ☆ ☆	

Name \_\_\_\_\_



# 4<sup>th</sup> Grade Sight Words



*Automatic words to know prior to 5<sup>th</sup> grade.*

*Say each word and highlight the words you know.*

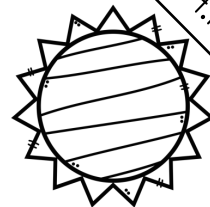
white help well won't myself don't new buy use persuade right which wash draw bring better clean full start show toward water point different sister mountain problem without leave country body south during whole morning voice complete	piece heard become happen happy remember numeral however money unit notice field certain measure afternoon finally front correct circle ocean minute decide course built carefully island surface machine science thousand cousin system uncle million describe length probably	quickly quiet govern government season material special heavy cause forest edge third month square suddenly perhaps center medium general believe receive summer energy member equipment simple exercise develop distance teacher record instruct instrument paragraph raise clothes region	cried repeat huge invisible thought another should birthday brought since parade nothing yesterday several tomorrow company rough remain guess catch caught touch already minute afraid everything interest person strong surprise behind breakfast wonderful certain circus climb captain	except terrible tongue umbrella weather emphasize before necessary destroy pleasure strange practice area usually cover reason pencil noise written travel figure picnic reply possible represent parent produce neighbor straight height equal compare opinion twice multiply mixture subtraction	glass rock tall alone bottom language window listen energy explain spring travel beautiful themselves everything system distance
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Name \_\_\_\_\_

# To Too Two

**Directions:** Read each sentence and write to, too or two in order to make the sentence correct.



L4.LG

1. Sarah would like to go to the beach \_\_\_\_\_.
2. We went \_\_\_\_\_ the mall yesterday.
3. My dad ate \_\_\_\_\_ much cheese at dinner.
4. I was so hungry, I ate \_\_\_\_\_ apples.
5. The works was \_\_\_\_\_ difficult to complete.
6. My uncle had \_\_\_\_\_ drive us \_\_\_\_\_ school.
7. The \_\_\_\_\_ friends were going \_\_\_\_\_ the store.
8. We decided \_\_\_\_\_ drive \_\_\_\_\_ the beach.
9. We forgot \_\_\_\_\_ pick up our cousin.
10. They had \_\_\_\_\_ much ice cream at the restaurant.

Write a sentence using the word two.

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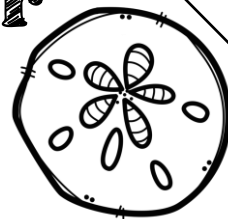


Name \_\_\_\_\_

L4.LG

# There, They're and Their

**Directions:** Read each sentence. Write *there*, *they're* or *their* in order to make the sentence correct.



1. \_\_\_\_\_ going on a vacation.
2. Mom put her shoes over \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Courtney and Collin passed \_\_\_\_\_ test.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ running in a race today.
5. The kids went to \_\_\_\_\_ camps.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ all eating dinner together.
7. The remote control is over \_\_\_\_\_.
8. The kids want \_\_\_\_\_ ball back.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ not being very friendly to me.
10. \_\_\_\_\_ car is white and old.

Write a sentence using the word **their**.

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Write a sentence using the word **there**.

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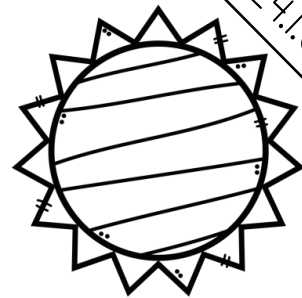




Name \_\_\_\_\_

## A or An

**Directions:** Read each sentence and write *a* or *an* in order to make the sentence correct.



L4.1.G

1. We saw \_\_\_\_\_ eagle in the woods.
2. There was \_\_\_\_\_ lion at the zoo.
3. I eat \_\_\_\_\_ apple every day.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ ostrich was running across the road.
5. I have \_\_\_\_\_ toy that I love very much.
6. Dad and I are making \_\_\_\_\_ birdhouse this summer.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ insect flew right in him mouth on the jeep ride.
8. Purple is \_\_\_\_\_ crayon missing from my box.
9. My mom has \_\_\_\_\_ red umbrella to keep the sun off us.
10. \_\_\_\_\_ ape is swinging from a tree branch.

Write a sentence using the word **an**.

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**Hint:** Use A if the word begins with a consonant sound.  
Use AN if the word begins with a vowel sound.



# Prepositions

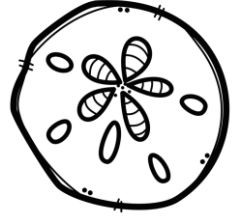
Prepositions

A preposition gives information such as direction, time, and place.

Fill in the blanks with proper prepositions.

1. The girl looks similar \_\_\_\_\_ my cousin.

2. He laid \_\_\_\_\_ the bed.



3. She saw a sand dollar \_\_\_\_\_ the beach.

4. We ate \_\_\_\_\_ the restaurant.

5. I saw a movie \_\_\_\_\_ the theater.

6. We will stay \_\_\_\_\_ my Grandma.

7. The dog crawled \_\_\_\_\_ the log.

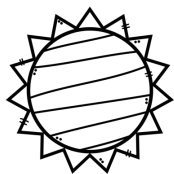
8. The ball was \_\_\_\_\_ the table.

9. We set up our camp \_\_\_\_\_ the waterfall.

10. She walked \_\_\_\_\_ the bus stop.

toward   near   under   at   with   at   on   on   to

Name: \_\_\_\_\_



# Abbreviations

An **abbreviation** is the shortened form of a word.

Mister=Mr.    January=Jan.    Road=Rd.    Friday=Fri.

- |                    |                     |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| I. Monday _____    | II. March _____     |
| 2. Tuesday _____   | 12. Boulevard _____ |
| 3. Wednesday _____ | 13. April _____     |
| 4. Thursday _____  | 14. October _____   |
| 5. Friday _____    | 15. September _____ |
| 6. Saturday _____  | 16. November _____  |
| 7. Sunday _____    | 17. December _____  |
| 8. Doctor _____    | 18. Avenue _____    |
| 9. Street _____    | 19. August _____    |
| 10. February _____ | 20. Junior _____    |

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

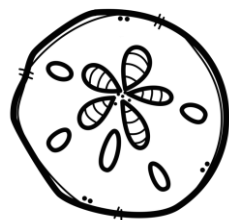
## Context Clues

A context clue is a word in a sentence that helps you figure out the meaning of a difficult word that you might not know.

DIRECTIONS: Read the words in the box below. Write each word where it belongs.

sincerely    hypothesis    anticipate    forbid    chaotic

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ want you to know I care about you and your sand dollar.
2. The scientist made a \_\_\_\_\_ in order to guess the answer before the experiment.
3. Her father \_\_\_\_\_ her from going to the park because it was raining.
4. The girl could \_\_\_\_\_ her father would be upset because she went to the park anyway.
5. Everyone was confused and screaming at the \_\_\_\_\_ people running in the rain.



# Commas in Clauses

Commas

Comma should be used before a conjunction (and, but, or, yet, so) to join two independent clauses together.

**Directions:** Highlight the conjunction. Put a comma before the conjunction. Underline the clauses.

conjunction

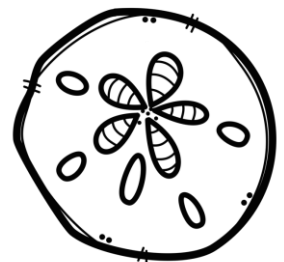
Example: I liked the show, but it was long.

Clause

Clause

comma

1. The water was boiling but the rice was not ready.
2. I ran all the way to school and when I got there it was closed.
3. Tom couldn't find his shoes nor could he find his keys.
4. Henry woke up really late and that's why he was late to school.
5. John doesn't like shrimp so it's not good to have it for dinner.
6. Cats are my favorite animals but I also love dogs.
7. The rocks were colorful but I like the black ones the best.
8. Bill likes to read and Ken likes to surf at the beach.



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

# Sort the Words

DIRECTIONS: Underline the scr, shr, str, and thr in each word. Then, sort the words.

## Word BANK

- |           |            |
|-----------|------------|
| 1. scrap  | 7. throat  |
| 2. shred  | 8. stripe  |
| 3. strip  | 9. strain  |
| 4. threat | 10. scream |
| 5. shrimp | 11. strap  |
| 6. throw  | 12. scam   |



scr-

shr-

thr-

str-

Name \_\_\_\_\_

# Sort the Words

**DIRECTIONS:** Underline the ea, ou, y, and aw in the middle of each word. Then, sort the words.

## Word BANK

- |            |             |
|------------|-------------|
| 1. bread   | 7. hawk     |
| 2. myth    | 8. thread   |
| 3. trouble | 9. double   |
| 4. head    | 10. squawk  |
| 5. cousin  | 11. yawn    |
| 6. gym     | 12. crystal |



-ea-

-ou-

-y-

-aw-

Name \_\_\_\_\_

-ed -s -ing

Name \_\_\_\_\_

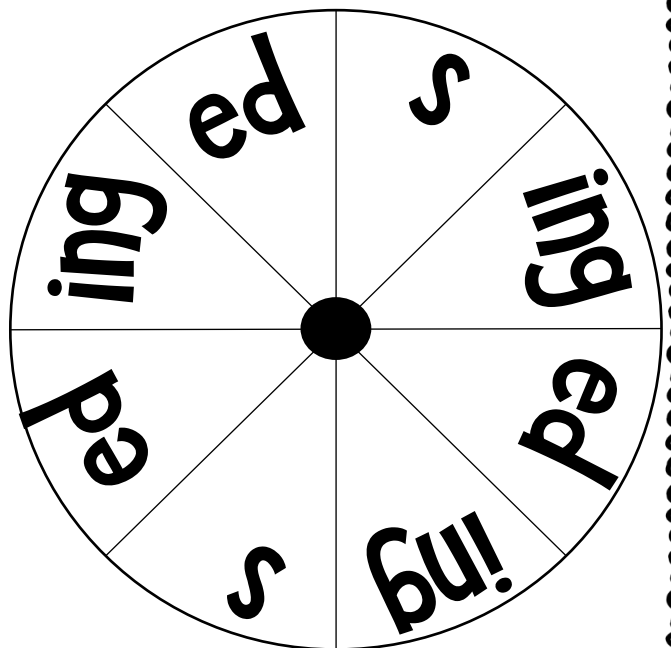
Use a paperclip to spin a suffix. Add the suffix to a base word that makes sense. If you spin and don't have another word for the suffix, spin again until all the words have a suffix.

- |          |   |       |   |       |
|----------|---|-------|---|-------|
| 1. walk  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 2. jump  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 3. play  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 4. help  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 5. skip  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 6. blink | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 7. pack  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 8. turn  | + | _____ | = | _____ |

# Spin a Suffix

A **suffix** is a letter or group of letters that is added to the end of a word.

bump + ed = bumped





plural

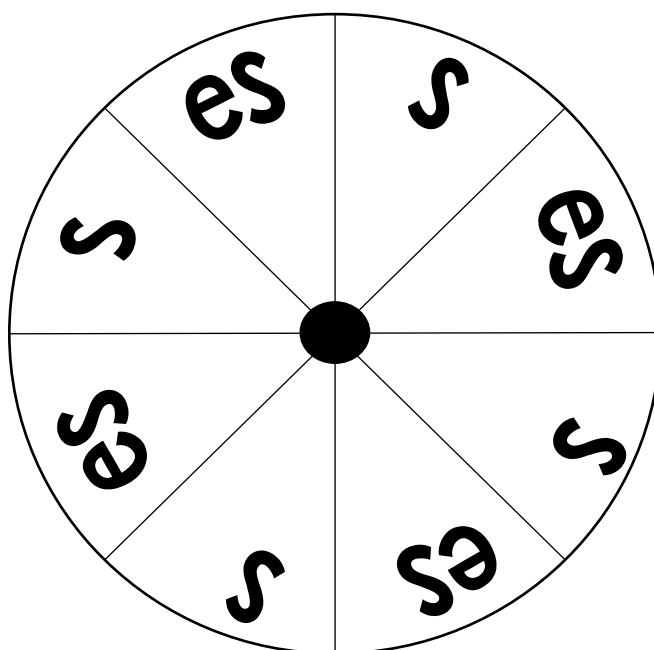
Name \_\_\_\_\_

Use a paperclip and a pencil to spin a suffix. Add the suffix to a base word that makes sense. If you spin and don't have another word for the suffix, spin again until all the words have a suffix.

1. miss + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_
2. watch + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_
3. play + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_
4. boy + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_
5. mix + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_
6. bird + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_
7. fox + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_
8. weed + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

# Spin a Suffix

If the word ends with ch, sh, s, x or z, use es to make it plural.



-er -est

Name \_\_\_\_\_

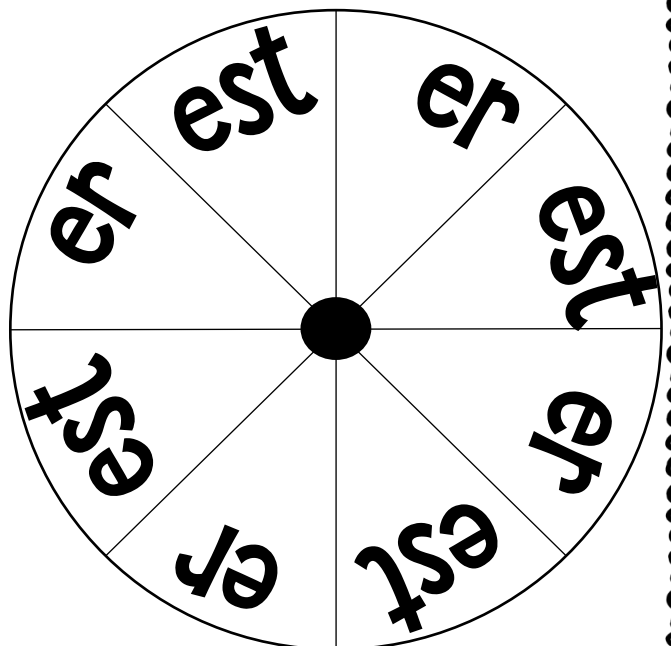
Use a paperclip and pencil to spin a suffix. Add the suffix to a base word until all words have a suffix.

- |           |   |       |   |       |
|-----------|---|-------|---|-------|
| 1. high   | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 2. long   | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 3. fast   | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 4. tall   | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 5. small  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 6. bright | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 7. strong | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 8. weak   | + | _____ | = | _____ |

# Spin a Suffix

When we add a suffix to the end of a word, we can change the intensity.

high +er = higher



Name \_\_\_\_\_

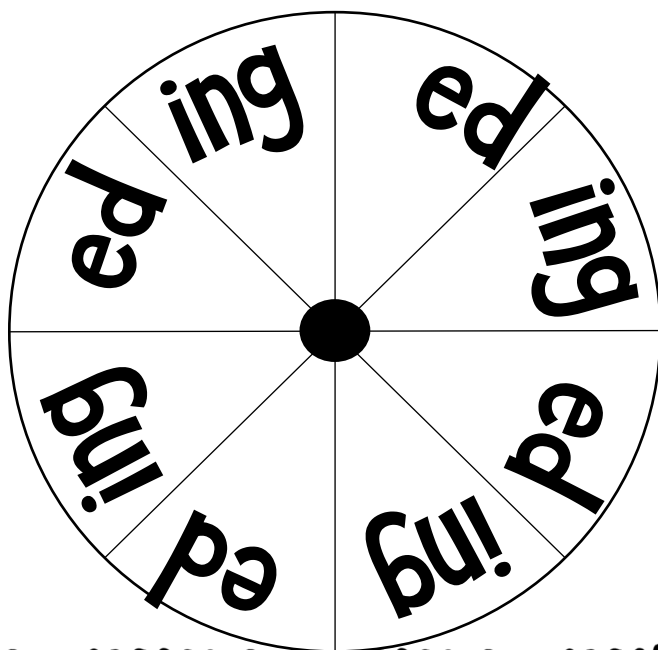
Use a paperclip and pencil to spin a suffix. Add the suffix to a base word that makes sense. If you spin and don't have another word for the suffix, spin again until all the words have a suffix.

- |         |   |       |   |       |
|---------|---|-------|---|-------|
| 1. walk | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 2. say  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 3. look | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 4. kick | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 5. lick | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 6. sip  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 7. call | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 8. jump | + | _____ | = | _____ |

# Spin a Suffix

When adding a suffix to a root word, we can change the tense of the word to past or present.

wish +ing =wishing



Name \_\_\_\_\_

Use a paperclip and pencil to spin a suffix. Add the suffix to a base word that makes sense. Keep spinning until all the words have a suffix.

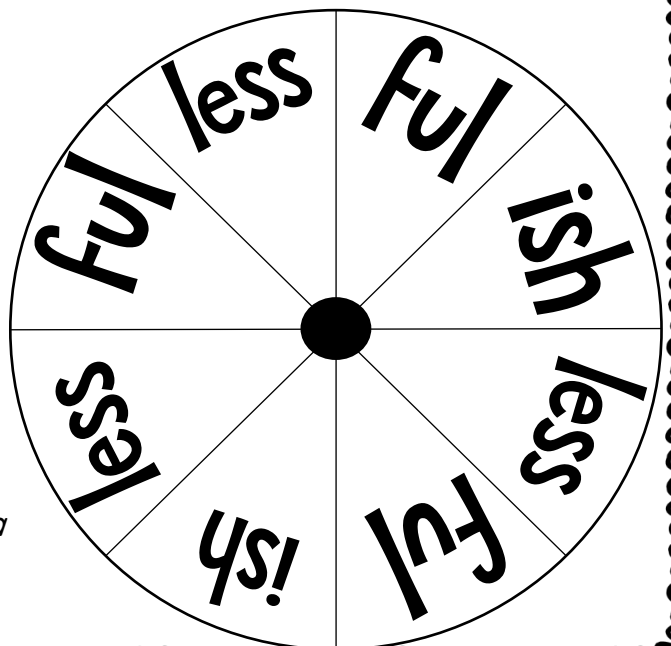
- |           |   |       |   |       |
|-----------|---|-------|---|-------|
| 1. child  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 2. hope   | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 3. green  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 4. harm   | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 5. friend | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 6. taste  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 7. forget | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 8. home   | + | _____ | = | _____ |

# Spin a Suffix

**ful** = full of

**less** = without

*A suffix is added to the end of a word to make a new word.*



-er -est

Name \_\_\_\_\_

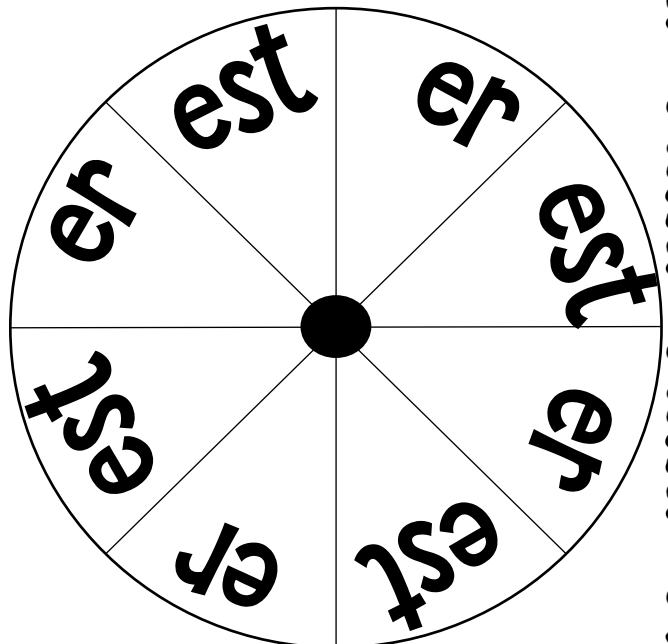
Use a paperclip and pencil to spin a suffix. Add the suffix to a base word that makes sense. If you spin and don't have another word for the suffix, spin again until all the words have a suffix.

- |          |   |       |   |       |
|----------|---|-------|---|-------|
| 1. tall  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 2. cold  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 3. bold  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 4. old   | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 5. quick | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 6. warm  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 7. sick  | + | _____ | = | _____ |
| 8. soft  | + | _____ | = | _____ |

# Spin a Suffix

A suffix is a letter or group of letters that is added to the end of a word.

play + **er** = player



# ABC ORDER

a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z

Read the words in each group.

Number the words 1,2, and 3 to put them in ABC order.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

1.

\_\_\_\_yellow  
\_\_\_\_sky  
\_\_\_\_pink

5.

\_\_\_\_said  
\_\_\_\_apple  
\_\_\_\_math

2.

\_\_\_\_see  
\_\_\_\_the  
\_\_\_\_buy

6.

\_\_\_\_would  
\_\_\_\_could  
\_\_\_\_should

3.

\_\_\_\_bat  
\_\_\_\_man  
\_\_\_\_dig

7.

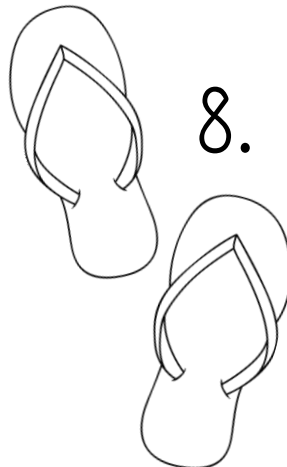
\_\_\_\_dog  
\_\_\_\_cat  
\_\_\_\_pigs

4.

\_\_\_\_there  
\_\_\_\_here  
\_\_\_\_where

8.

\_\_\_\_boat  
\_\_\_\_car  
\_\_\_\_train



**ABC ORDER**

a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z

Read the words in each group.

Number the words 1, 2, and 3 to put them in ABC order.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

1.

\_\_\_\_raced  
\_\_\_\_never  
\_\_\_\_purple

5.

\_\_\_\_there  
\_\_\_\_here  
\_\_\_\_elementary

2.

\_\_\_\_confused  
\_\_\_\_wall  
\_\_\_\_zoo

6.

\_\_\_\_soul  
\_\_\_\_under  
\_\_\_\_believe

3.

\_\_\_\_kite  
\_\_\_\_money  
\_\_\_\_wind

7.

\_\_\_\_weather  
\_\_\_\_snow  
\_\_\_\_fall

4.

\_\_\_\_lady  
\_\_\_\_puppy  
\_\_\_\_goat

8.

\_\_\_\_chain  
\_\_\_\_jar  
\_\_\_\_octopus



# ABC ORDER

a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z

Read the words in each group.

Number the words 1,2, and 3 to put them in ABC order.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

1.

\_\_\_\_ boy  
\_\_\_\_ blue  
\_\_\_\_ ball

5.

\_\_\_\_ angel  
\_\_\_\_ apple  
\_\_\_\_ add

2.

\_\_\_\_ see  
\_\_\_\_ say  
\_\_\_\_ should

6.

\_\_\_\_ would  
\_\_\_\_ will  
\_\_\_\_ want

3.

\_\_\_\_ money  
\_\_\_\_ man  
\_\_\_\_ mild

7.

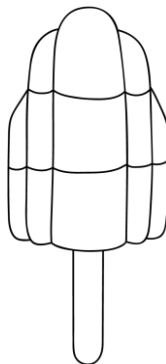
\_\_\_\_ dog  
\_\_\_\_ dull  
\_\_\_\_ drive

4.

\_\_\_\_ there  
\_\_\_\_ tired  
\_\_\_\_ toddler

8.

\_\_\_\_ cat  
\_\_\_\_ cell  
\_\_\_\_ child





**ABC ORDER**

a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z

Read the words in each group.

Number the words 1,2, and 3 to put them in ABC order.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

1.

\_\_\_apple

\_\_\_ape

\_\_\_apron

5.

\_\_\_sail

\_\_\_say

\_\_\_same

2.

\_\_\_thus

\_\_\_the

\_\_\_that

6.

\_\_\_would

\_\_\_wood

\_\_\_word

3.

\_\_\_boat

\_\_\_bought

\_\_\_bolt

7.

\_\_\_pie

\_\_\_pile

\_\_\_pigs

4.

\_\_\_man

\_\_\_male

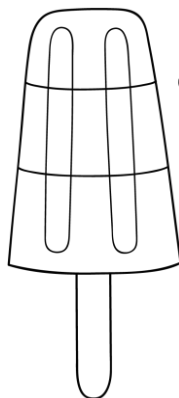
\_\_\_mail

8.

\_\_\_jar

\_\_\_jam

\_\_\_jail



Name \_\_\_\_\_

## Rewrite the Sentence

Write these sentences correctly.

1. the boy's name is sarah

---

2. i like to play baseball at rose park

---

3. how do i draw a blue car

---

4. that is a great cook we met on friday

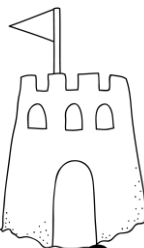
---

5. where are we staying in florida

---

6. they live at 305 cherry street

---



Name \_\_\_\_\_

## Rewrite the Sentence

Write these sentences correctly.

1. where is sam and the girl going too

---

2. i ran to Julie's house after schol

---

3. have you ever tried ben and jerry's ice cream

---

4. those are the best kind of sunglasses ever

---

5. why are we going to the store saturday

---

6. the ladybugs are red yellow and blue

---



Name \_\_\_\_\_

## Rewrite the Sentence

Write these sentences correctly.

1. ella took sarah to the movie planet of the bugs

\_\_\_\_\_

2. where is orlando located

\_\_\_\_\_

3. i think my dad is a big fan of the braves

\_\_\_\_\_

4. those bees look lik they can sting u

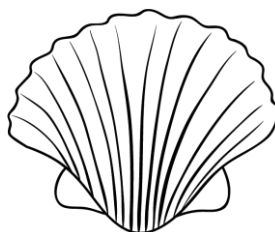
\_\_\_\_\_

5. look at the shell sale they have on friday

\_\_\_\_\_

6. i see the movie with my brother kyle last nit

\_\_\_\_\_



Name \_\_\_\_\_

## Rewrite the Sentence

Write these sentences correctly.

1. take me to the park in louiville today pls

---

2. where can i by some cande

---

3. i did knot go to the lake on monday

---

4. take a bath and brush your teeth after you eat

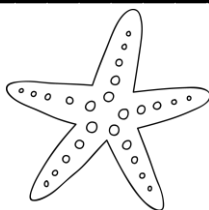
---

5. He sat at church with his dad sunday

---

6. i donot understand the problem

---



Name \_\_\_\_\_

# Rewrite the Sentence

Write these sentences correctly.

1. take me to the basball feld today pls

---

2. what can i do at schol on sunday

---

3. i will know go to the zoo on tuesday

---

4. me and ms taylor have the same shirt

---

5. him doesnt want to solve the issue

---

6. my mom put her shells their

---



Read the passage, answer the questions, and highlight information found in the text you used to answer the questions. Circle the main idea and put a "?" next to words you don't know.

## Crocodile or Alligator

Crocodiles and alligators are different. They both live in water. One has a wider, U-shaped mouth. It is a reptile. It has lived on Earth for millions of years. It is sometimes described as a "living fossil." Do you know what animal it is yet? Let me give you some more clues.

Its bottom cone shaped teeth do **not** stick out when its mouth is closed. They don't have glands in their mouth to help them get rid of extra salt. They live in fresh water and are cold-blooded. This animal eats different animals such as fish, birds, turtles, and even deer. Their eggs become male or female depending on the temperature. In warmer temperatures the eggs become male. In cooler temperatures, the eggs become female. This animal is only found in the United States and China. If you thought of the animal being an alligator, you would be correct.



1. How are alligators different from crocodiles?  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. What do they both have in common?  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Which text structure did the author use to write the story? (circle one)  
**a. cause and effect**      **b. compare and contrast**
4. What do alligators eat?  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Explain how a crocodile can live easier in salt water.  
\_\_\_\_\_

Read the passage, answer the questions, and highlight information found in the text you used to answer the questions. Circle the main idea and put a "?" next to words you don't know.

## Frog and Turtle

Turtle has trouble getting into water. He sat on a log in the river. He was wanting to get the water, but he was afraid of alligators that live in the river. "Why are you not getting in the water?" asked Frog.

"It is freezing in there! But I need to take a bath." replied Turtle. "I will jump in with you, if you are too scared to go by yourself." said Frog. It took Turtle a few minutes to figure out if he wanted to go into the water. All of the sudden a bug buzzed by Frog and Turtle!

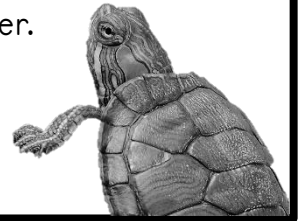
They both jumped after the bug. SPLASH!

"I'm all wet!" yelled Turtle. "I'm all wet too." laughed Frog. They both decided to share the bug while laughing in the refreshing water.

"Thank you for going in the water with me." said Turtle.

"It's a good day to swim with a friend!" replied Frog.

Turtle smiled.



1. Why did Turtle tell Frog the water was freezing?

---

2. Explain what happened when you read the word, "SPLASH."

---

3. What kind of story is this passage? (circle one)

**a. fiction**

**b. non-fiction**

4. Summarize the story.

---

---

---

---



Read the passage, answer the questions, and highlight information found in the text you used to answer the questions. Circle the main idea and put a "?" next to words you don't know.

## Blue Whale



What do you think the largest mammal is on Earth? If you said a Blue Whale, you would be right! Blue Whales are the largest mammals and can get between 70-100 feet in length on average. That is longer than two school buses. They can weigh up to 150 tons. With that huge body, you would think that these whales eat a lot of other big animals! Actually, they eat tiny organisms. They like plankton and krill, which they filter through baleen plates. They can eat up to 7,000 pounds of krill per day! Krill are small shrimp-like animals.

Blue Whales are found all over the world. They are gentle even though they are so huge. They live in small groups called "pods." Blue Whales breathe through a blowhole. They come up to the top of the water surface of the ocean to breathe, and then they dive deep into the ocean. Whales are mammals. Their babies are born big too! They are the largest animal babies on Earth averaging about 8,000 pounds and over 25 feet long.

Blue Whales are so large that they are rarely ever attacked. Because they can travel through the ocean without worrying about being hunted, they are known as apex predators, which means they are predators that don't have predators of their own.

1. How large are Blue Whales?

---

2. Explain what an apex predator is in wildlife.

---

3. Which text structure did the author use to write the article? (circle one)

**a. Informational**

**b. compare and contrast**

4. What do Blue Whales eat?

---

5. Explain the size the babies when they are born.

---

Read the passage, answer the questions, and highlight information found in the text you used to answer the questions. Circle the main idea and put a "?" next to words you don't know.

## Forms of Matter



If you look around, you will find that everything you see is made of matter. The clothes you wear, the air and the delicious food you eat is all matter. There are three forms of matter that scientists label when describing matter.

One form of matter is a solid. Solids have a definite shape. It takes up a definite space. The overall shape of a solid does not change. Solids do not flow. Examples of solids are cars, books, and rocks.

Liquid matter takes the shape of the container. Even though the volume of liquid remains the same, the shape can change. Because it can change it's shape it is easily poured into other containers. Examples of liquid is water, blood, and tea.

The third form of matter is a gas. Gas is invisible. The air around us that we breathe is a gas. Gas can spread out to fill a container. You can put your hand through gases. We are surrounded by different gases. Oxygen is a gas that we breathe. Steam from boiling water is also an example of gas.

1. What are the three forms of matter?  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. List some examples of liquids from the text.  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Which text structure did the author use to write the article? (circle one)  
**a. Problem & Solution**                      **b. Description**
4. What is matter?  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Explain the form of gas.  
\_\_\_\_\_

Read the passage, answer the questions, and highlight information found in the text you used to answer the questions. Circle the main idea, and put a "?" next to words you don't know.

## Vacation



This is the first time my family has ever traveled to the beach for a summer vacation. We decided to go to a city called Daytona Beach located in Florida. My parents forgot to pack any sunscreen. My dad said we didn't need it because we were not going to be at the beach very long on the first day. We decided to wait until the next day to buy sunscreen.

We were only outside at the beach for one hour. It was nice and breezy at the beach. The water felt amazing! We all went inside to get ready for dinner. Mom screamed, "I'm totally burnt!" I looked at my dad, and he was as red as a strawberry. He looked at me and said, "Looks like we are all fried." I looked in the mirror to see bright red skin. "I told you to get sunscreen!" my mom shouted.

We went to dinner where we all were very uncomfortable. My skin was on fire. Mom made my dad stop at a store on the way back to the hotel. We bought and wore sunscreen for the rest of the vacation. We also bought some sunburn cooling gel to help with our burn. It felt great to put it on my red skin! After a few days out of the sun, we were able to enjoy the rest of our vacation. A sunburn can ruin a vacation.

1. What was the problem?  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. Where did the family go on vacation?  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Which text structure did the author use to write the article? (circle one)  
**a. Problem & Solution**      **b. sequence**
4. How did they resolve the problem?  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Explain what his dad meant when he said, "Looks like we are all fried."  
\_\_\_\_\_

Read the passage, answer the questions, and highlight information found in the text you used to answer the questions. Circle the main idea and put a "?" next to words you don't know.

## Karate

Collin was great at karate in middle school. He had been in karate for five years. He was in three competitive events while taking karate. He has to do many activities to prepare for his competitive events.

First, Collin always eats a healthy breakfast in the morning the day of the event. He likes to eat eggs and bacon with orange juice. Then, he makes sure his karate uniform is clean. After he checks to see if it is clean, he finds his belt and lays out his uniform on his bed. He likes to wait to put his uniform on after he does a warmup practice for his routine that he will be performing at the karate event.

When he prepares for an event, he stretches all his muscles, runs in place, and quietly meditates. Then, he takes a shower, so he doesn't stink. After his shower, he puts his uniform on, and makes sure it is neat. If he does well today, he will get to advance to a new belt color.

Collin did well at the event. He passed his test and got to move up to a brown belt. He was so happy that the day went smooth. His karate teacher hugged him and told him that he was super proud to be his teacher. That made Collin feel great!

1. What did Collin do first to prepare?

---

2. What does he do after the first step?

---

3. Which text structure did the author use to write the article? (circle one)

**a. Problem & Solution**

**b. Sequence**

4. How did Collin do at his event?

---

5. Explain what happened at the end of the event.

---

Read the passage, answer the questions, and highlight information found in the text you used to answer the questions. Circle the main idea and put a "?" next to words you don't know.

## Shadow

My mother asked me to take Shadow outside to play ball with her. It was a hot day outside, so we don't usually play very long. Shadow's fur makes her get hot quickly. We have a nice neighbor who visits once a week to mow our lawn. The neighbor forgot to lock and close the gate the last time he mowed the lawn. I threw the ball far in the yard. I was happy to see how far I can throw. It landed on the side of the yard that I can't see the gate. Shadow chased the ball quickly. However; she never came back with the ball like she normally does. She escaped from the open gate. I screamed for my mom to help me find her. We walked around the neighborhood shouting her name. After ten minutes of panicking over losing her, she finally came out running from the neighbor's yard. I got down on my knees to hug her. She barked and licked my face. My mother placed a leash on her collar. We walked back to our yard to lock and tightly secure the gate. Then, we went inside the house. Shadow went right to her treat jar, begging for one. Even though my mom and I were upset that she escaped from our yard, we knew it wasn't her fault. We tossed her a treat. I wonder if she only came back to us because we have her favorite treats. It doesn't matter. I'm just glad she is home!

1. What caused Shadow to escape?  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. Why did mom place a leash on her?  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Which text structure did the author use to write the article? (circle one)  
**a. Problem & Solution**                      **b. Cause and Effect**
4. Explain how you know what kind of animal Shadow is?  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. What was the effect of Shadow coming back home?  
\_\_\_\_\_

Name \_\_\_\_\_



# Prefixes, Root Words, Suffixes

**Directions:** Write the prefix, root word, and suffix of each word in the correct box.

\*Not all words will have each part.

	PREFIX	ROOT	SUFFIX
unhappy	un	happy	
underestimate			
rewrite			
preview			
sleeping			
sensible			
helpful			
misspell			
teacher			
hopeless			
discover			

Name \_\_\_\_\_



# Prefixes, Root Words, Suffixes

**Directions:** Write the prefix, root word, and suffix of each word in the correct box.

\*Not all words will have each part.

	PREFIX	ROOT	SUFFIX
tallest		tall	est
describe			
microscope			
younger			
interview			
nonsense			
boxer			
fairness			
deform			
tricycle			
playful			

Name \_\_\_\_\_



# Common Noun or Proper Noun?

Common Nouns

Common Names

Proper Nouns

Special Names

Read the words and write them in the correct area.

Fluffy

dog

boy

Max

candy

Snickers

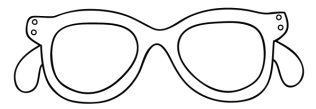
toy

Barbie

car



Name \_\_\_\_\_



# Adjectives & Nouns

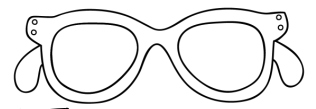
Directions: Write the words from the word bank in the correct column to separate adjectives and nouns.

cow loud dog red big  
tall cup rope kite tree  
yellow fat cute car toy  
paper tiny cool frog

Adjectives

Nouns

Name \_\_\_\_\_



# Singular & Plural Nouns

Directions: Write the words from the word bank in the correct column to separate singular and plural nouns. A singular noun names ONE person, place or thing. A plural noun names more than one.

phone	tables	dog	dogs	rope
ropes	kite	kites	book	trees
car	cars	toy	toys	frogs
teacher	teachers	frog	lamp	doctors

Singular

Plural

Name \_\_\_\_\_

PRONOUNS  
L.4.1.A

## Relative PRONOUNS

Relative pronouns introduce relative clauses, which are a type of dependent clause. They include Who, Whom, Whose, That, Which, Whoever, Whomever, Whichever. Write a sentence with each relative pronoun given below.

**Example:** Who Answer: *The woman who came over last week likes your hair.*



1. Who

---

2. Whose

---

3. That

---

4. Which

---

5. Whoever

---

6. Whichever

---

Name \_\_\_\_\_

# ADVERBS

ADVERBS  
L.4.1.A

**Directions:** Adverbs answer the questions how? when? and where? For each sentence below, add an adverb that would complete the sentence.



1. My mom is at the end of her book. She \_\_\_\_\_ finished it.
2. I will eat \_\_\_\_\_.
3. We went \_\_\_\_\_ the water at the beach.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ I saw a dolphin in the ocean.
5. The dolphin were \_\_\_\_\_ fast.
6. It was a long ride in the car to get \_\_\_\_\_.
7. I ran \_\_\_\_\_ out of the water when I saw a shark!
8. The whole family was \_\_\_\_\_ happy to get home.

## WORD BANK

extremely	quickly	very	home
reluctantly	later	almost	Today

Name \_\_\_\_\_

# Biography Organizer

Read a biography and fill  
in the information.

Born (Place & Date)

Died (Place & Date)

## Character Traits

Professions

FAMILY

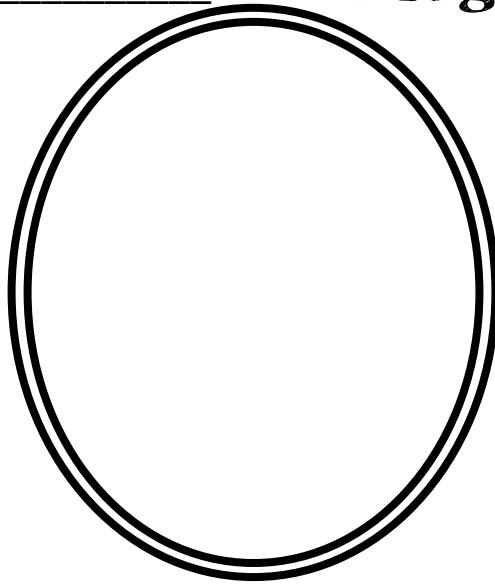
QUOTE

Interesting Facts

Accomplishments

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## Biography Story



Think of one person who has made a difference in your life. Write about the person using facts and an event that made them important.

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

# OPINION Writing



Name \_\_\_\_\_

Introduction

The best kind of sandwich is...

Reason 1

Reason 2

Reason 3

Closing

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

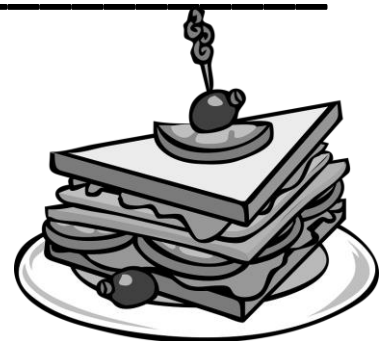
\_\_\_\_\_ is the best  
kind of sandwich!

# OPTION Writing

Use the Sandwich Organizer to rewrite your Opinion paper.

[illegible]

by \_\_\_\_\_





# Writing a *Narrative*

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Topic Sentence:

First,

Next,

Then,

Last,

Closing:

# My Narrative Story

Use the Narrative Organizer to rewrite your Story.

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

[illegible]

by \_\_\_\_\_

# Informative Writing

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Topic Sentence \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Fact #1 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Fact #2 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Fact #3 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Fact #4 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Conclusion \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Informative Writing**

Use the Informative Organizer to rewrite your informational paper.

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

by \_\_\_\_\_

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**Informative Writing**

Use the Informative Organizer to rewrite your informational paper.

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

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\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

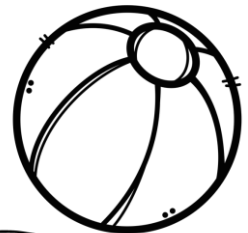
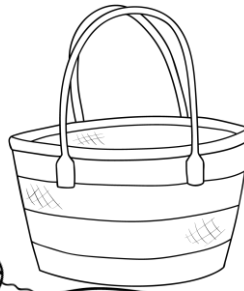
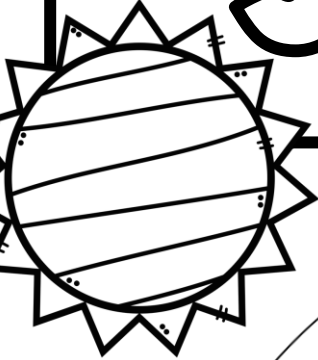
by \_\_\_\_\_

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[illegible][illegible]

Weekly

# Summer Journal



NAME \_\_\_\_\_

# SUMMER JOURNAL

## Word Bank

Vacation	Swimming	Baseball
Games	Beach	Park
Movies	Picnic	Sprinklers
Sleeping	Camping	Golfing
Hiking	Sunglasses	S'mores
Sand	Fireworks	Boating
Heat	Bathing suit	Barbeque
Sunscreen	Friends	Ice Cream
Ocean	Sunburn	Camping
Playing	Barbeque	Sunshine
Pool	Flip flops	Gardening
Summer	June	Movies
Surf	July	Video Games
Sand	August	Reading
Fishing	Family	Splashing

# SUMMER JOURNAL

## Optional prompts

1. Describe your favorite place to visit over the summer?
2. What is your favorite family tradition?
3. Plan your own vacation. Where would you go? What would you do? Who would be with you?
4. What is the best way to celebrate a sunny day?
5. How do you spend most of your time during the summer?
6. Do you miss anything about school? If so, what is it?
7. How did you spend the 4<sup>th</sup> of July?
8. Pretend you are stuck in another country. How would you get home? Describe it using details.
9. Do you think you should be able to do anything you want all summer? Why or why not?
10. What is your favorite summer food? Who makes it? Where is the best place to eat it?
11. If you could make your own rules this summer, what would they be?
12. Write a letter to a family member describing your summer. Ask them a question, so they have to write you back.
13. List some FACTS about summer.
14. Write about a good memory.
15. Explain how you would prepare for a trip to the beach.

# SUMMER JOURNAL

Draw and explain what you did today.

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**RATE YOUR DAY by circling one.**





# SUMMER JOURNAL

Draw and explain what you did today.

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**RATE YOUR DAY by circling one.**



# SUMMER JOURNAL

Draw and explain what you did today.

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**RATE YOUR DAY by circling one.**



# SUMMER JOURNAL

Draw and explain what you did today.

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**RATE YOUR DAY by circling one.**



# SUMMER JOURNAL

Draw and explain what you did today.

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**RATE YOUR DAY by circling one.**



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

MATH  
4.OA.B4

Write the factors for the following numbers. If there are not any factors, write PRIME next to the number.

1. 14 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

2. 9 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

3. 18 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

4. 28 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

5. 32 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

6. 43 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

7. 45 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

8. 149

9. 121 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

10. 12 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

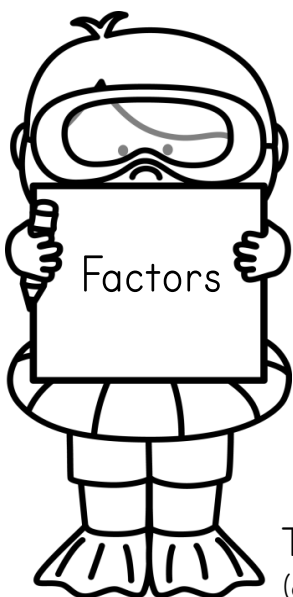
11. 10 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

12. 11 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

13. 25 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

14. 26 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

15. 29



This was:: **EASY**   **JUST RIGHT**   **HARD**  
(circle one)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

MATH  
4.NBT.B.4

Adding. Find the sum.

$$\begin{array}{r} 344 \\ 63 \\ +124 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

531

$$\begin{array}{r} 423 \\ 122 \\ +272 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 129 \\ 93 \\ +103 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 792 \\ 322 \\ +224 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 635 \\ 77 \\ +325 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 592 \\ 452 \\ +407 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 254 \\ 57 \\ +738 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 937 \\ 793 \\ +345 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 564 \\ 52 \\ +328 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 654 \\ 247 \\ +532 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

This was:: **EASY** **JUST RIGHT** **HARD**  
(circle one)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

MATH  
4.NBT.B.4

Adding and Subtracting. Find the sum or the difference.

$$\begin{array}{r} 214 \\ + 124 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

338

$$\begin{array}{r} 654 \\ + 276 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

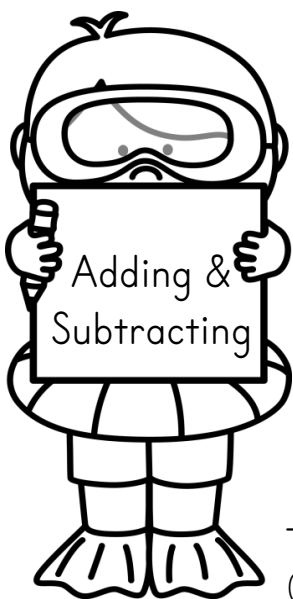
$$\begin{array}{r} 454 \\ + 341 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 895 \\ + 324 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 222 \\ - 125 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 592 \\ - 231 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 254 \\ + 434 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 845 \\ - 345 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 974 \\ - 328 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 654 \\ - 441 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

This was:: **EASY** **JUST RIGHT** **HARD**  
(circle one)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

MATH  
4.NBT.A.3

Rounding 2-digit numbers to the nearest ten.

1.  $81 = \underline{\quad 80 \quad}$

2.  $91 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

3.  $68 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

4.  $29 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

5.  $51 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

6.  $77 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

7.  $89 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

8.  $14 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

9.  $7 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

10.  $22 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

11.  $29 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

12.  $38 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

13.  $48 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

14.  $53 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

15.  $89 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

16.  $19 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

17.  $48 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

18.  $69 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

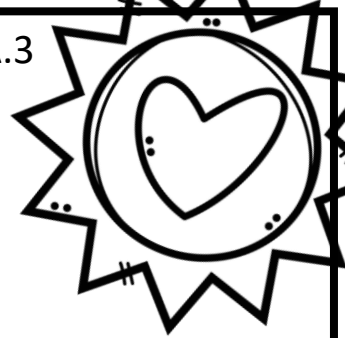
19.  $71 = \underline{\quad \quad}$

20.  $33 = \underline{\quad \quad}$



This was:: **EASY** **JUST RIGHT** **HARD**  
(circle one)





Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Round to the nearest ten.

1.  $73 = \underline{70}$

11.  $75 = \underline{\quad}$

21.  $43 = \underline{\quad}$

2.  $19 = \underline{\quad}$

12.  $29 = \underline{\quad}$

22.  $74 = \underline{\quad}$

3.  $51 = \underline{\quad}$

13.  $21 = \underline{\quad}$

23.  $91 = \underline{\quad}$

4.  $9 = \underline{\quad}$

14.  $47 = \underline{\quad}$

24.  $17 = \underline{\quad}$

5.  $28 = \underline{\quad}$

15.  $38 = \underline{\quad}$

25.  $28 = \underline{\quad}$

6.  $88 = \underline{\quad}$

16.  $68 = \underline{\quad}$

26.  $89 = \underline{\quad}$

7.  $77 = \underline{\quad}$

17.  $87 = \underline{\quad}$

27.  $74 = \underline{\quad}$

8.  $11 = \underline{\quad}$

18.  $91 = \underline{\quad}$

28.  $15 = \underline{\quad}$

9.  $24 = \underline{\quad}$

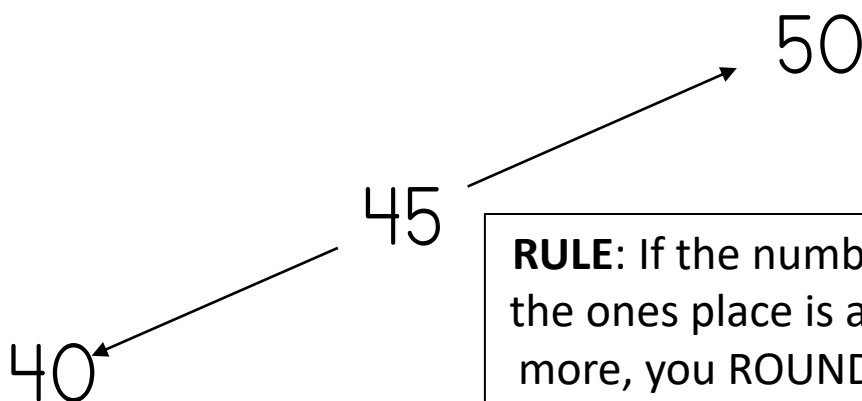
19.  $84 = \underline{\quad}$

29.  $26 = \underline{\quad}$

10.  $41 = \underline{\quad}$

20.  $31 = \underline{\quad}$

30.  $48 = \underline{\quad}$



**RULE:** If the number in the ones place is a 5 or more, you **ROUND UP**.

This was: **EASY** **JUST RIGHT** **HARD**  
(circle one)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

MATH  
4.NBT.A.3

Round to the nearest ten.

1.  $83 = \underline{80}$

2.  $13 = \underline{\quad}$

3.  $56 = \underline{\quad}$

4.  $6 = \underline{\quad}$

5.  $21 = \underline{\quad}$

6.  $98 = \underline{\quad}$

7.  $67 = \underline{\quad}$

8.  $17 = \underline{\quad}$

9.  $21 = \underline{\quad}$

10.  $45 = \underline{\quad}$

11.  $74 = \underline{\quad}$

12.  $69 = \underline{\quad}$

13.  $22 = \underline{\quad}$

14.  $87 = \underline{\quad}$

15.  $36 = \underline{\quad}$

16.  $62 = \underline{\quad}$

17.  $77 = \underline{\quad}$

18.  $41 = \underline{\quad}$

19.  $89 = \underline{\quad}$

20.  $32 = \underline{\quad}$

21.  $93 = \underline{\quad}$

22.  $14 = \underline{\quad}$

23.  $45 = \underline{\quad}$

24.  $18 = \underline{\quad}$

25.  $98 = \underline{\quad}$

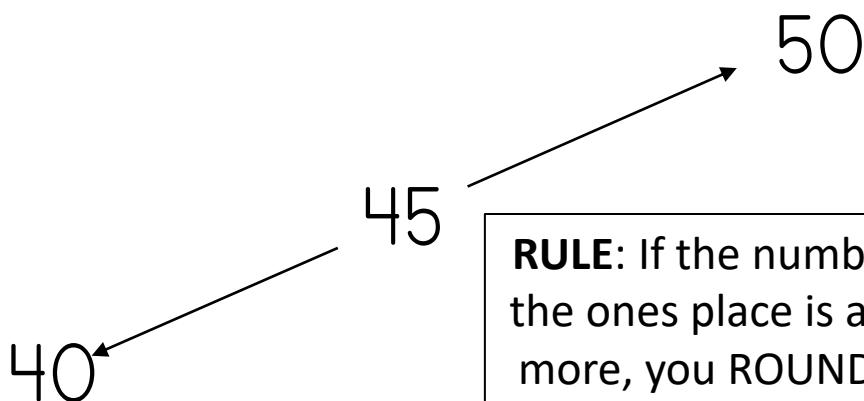
26.  $29 = \underline{\quad}$

27.  $94 = \underline{\quad}$

28.  $19 = \underline{\quad}$

29.  $41 = \underline{\quad}$

30.  $58 = \underline{\quad}$



**RULE:** If the number in the ones place is a 5 or more, you **ROUND UP**.

This was:: **EASY** **JUST RIGHT** **HARD**  
(circle one)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

MATH  
4.NBT.A.3

Round to the nearest hundred.

- |                     |                 |                 |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. 183 = <u>180</u> | 11. 274 = _____ | 21. 993 = _____ |
| 2. 213 = _____      | 12. 469 = _____ | 22. 214 = _____ |
| 3. 256 = _____      | 13. 122 = _____ | 23. 345 = _____ |
| 4. 99 = _____       | 14. 587 = _____ | 24. 418 = _____ |
| 5. 87 = _____       | 15. 636 = _____ | 25. 198 = _____ |
| 6. 198 = _____      | 16. 562 = _____ | 26. 129 = _____ |
| 7. 367 = _____      | 17. 477 = _____ | 27. 694 = _____ |
| 8. 217 = _____      | 18. 741 = _____ | 28. 319 = _____ |
| 9. 821 = _____      | 19. 889 = _____ | 29. 241 = _____ |
| 10. 645 = _____     | 20. 132 = _____ | 30. 758 = _____ |



150 = 200

200

150

100

**RULE:** If the number in the tens place is a 5 or more, you **ROUND UP**.

This was:: **EASY**   **JUST RIGHT**   **HARD**  
(circle one)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

MATH  
4.NBT.A.3

Rounding 3-digit numbers to the nearest 100.

1.  $680 = \underline{700}$

2.  $399 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3.  $168 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4.  $420 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5.  $551 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6.  $277 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

7.  $99 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

8.  $810 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

9.  $407 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10.  $422 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

11.  $299 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

12.  $308 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

13.  $408 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

14.  $583 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

15.  $899 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

16.  $132 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

17.  $478 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

18.  $679 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

19.  $171 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

20.  $333 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



This was: **EASY** **JUST RIGHT** **HARD**  
(circle one)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

MATH  
4.NBT.A.3

Round to the nearest thousand.

1.  $1083 = \underline{1000}$

2.  $3213 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3.  $2256 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4.  $999 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5.  $2287 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6.  $2198 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

7.  $5367 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

8.  $7217 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

9.  $6821 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10.  $6945 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

11.  $3274 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

12.  $2469 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

13.  $9122 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

14.  $6587 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

15.  $5636 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

16.  $4562 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

17.  $5477 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

18.  $5741 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

19.  $8322 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

20.  $1632 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



$1500 = \underline{2000}$

2000

1500

1000

**RULE:** If the number in the hundreds place is a 5 or more, you **ROUND UP**.

This was::  
(circle one)

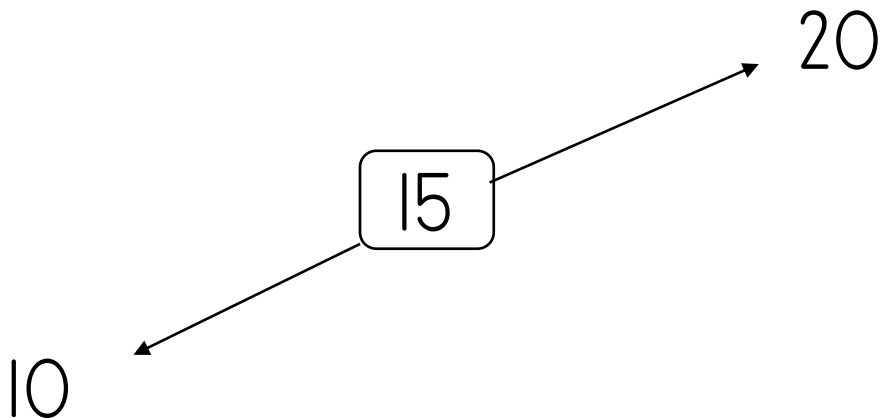
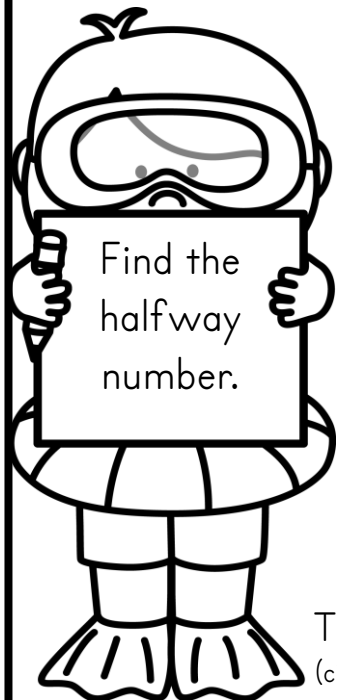
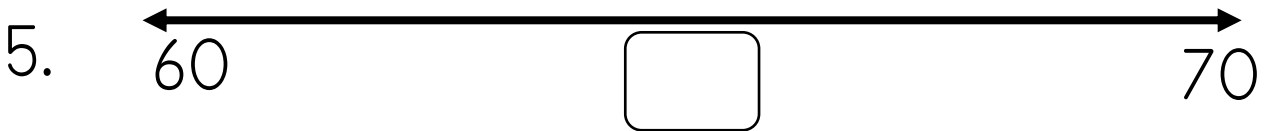
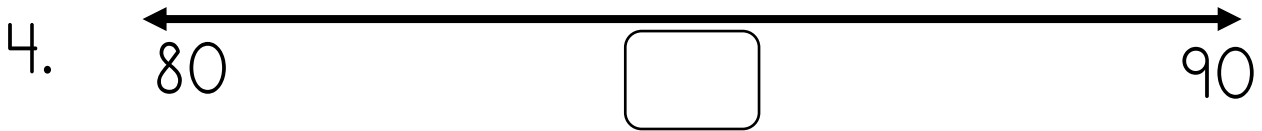
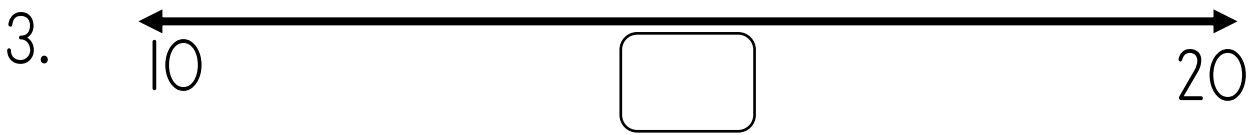
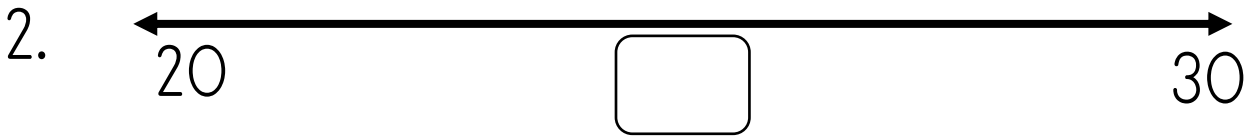
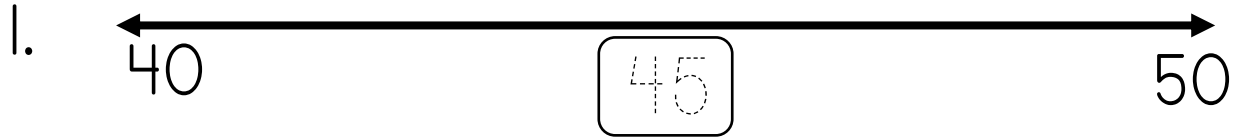
**EASY**

**JUST RIGHT**

**HARD**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Label the halfway point.



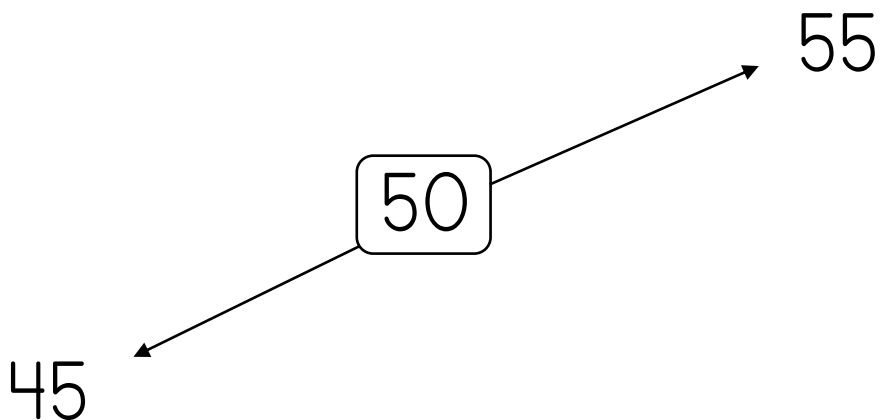
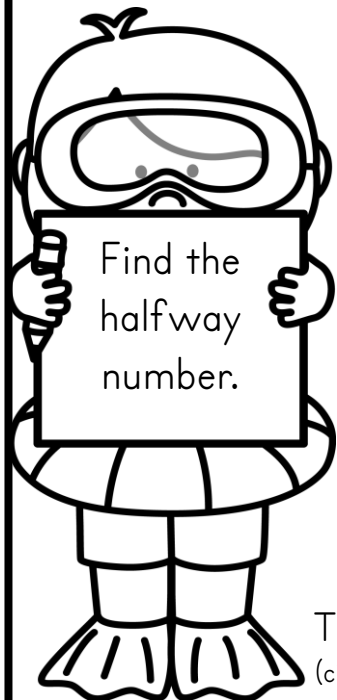
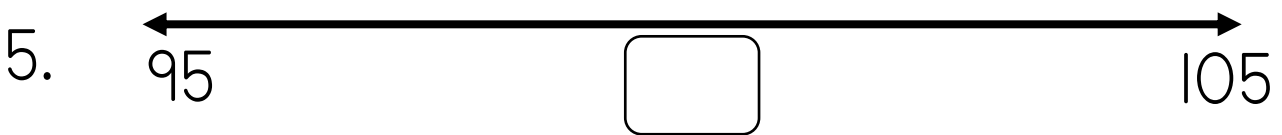
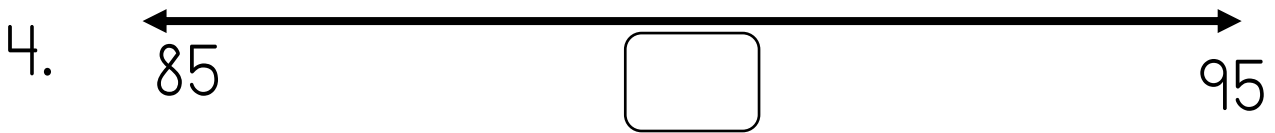
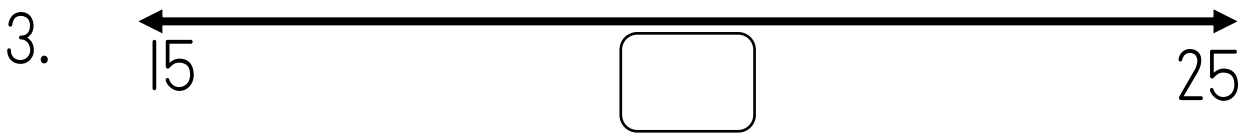
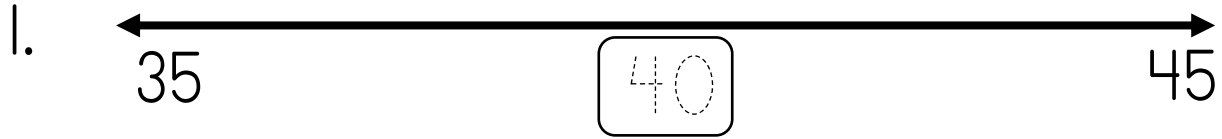
This was:: **EASY** **JUST RIGHT** **HARD**  
(circle one)

# Halfway Point

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

MATH  
4.NBT.A.3

Label the halfway point.



This was:: **EASY** **JUST RIGHT** **HARD**  
(circle one)

# Greater Than Less Than

MATH

4.NBT.A.3

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Simplify and compare the values using the symbols  $<$ ,  $>$ ,  $=$ .

1. 155  344

2. 354  344

3. 682  144

4. 155  324

5. 155  156

6. 155  152

7. 401  456

8. 526  590

9. 455  444

10. 665  676

11. 732  733

12. 35  54

13. 14  18

14. 77  72

15. 145  134

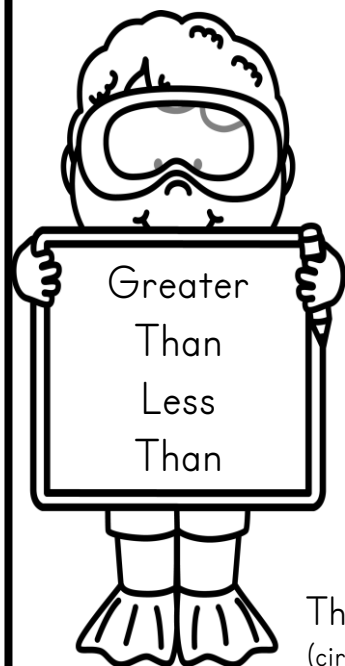
16. 986  987

17. 565  565

18. 23  24

19. 99  98

20. 765  789



This was:: **EASY** **JUST RIGHT** **HARD**  
(circle one)



# Greater Than Less Than

MATH

4.NBT.A.3

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Simplify and compare the values using the symbols  $<$ ,  $>$ ,  $=$ .

1.  $12+4$    $20+2$

2.  $2+5$    $10+2$

3.  $12+4$    $6+2$

4.  $16+3$    $10+2$

5.  $61+4$    $2+9$

6.  $18+3$    $37+2$

7.  $52+1$    $1+52$

8.  $31+0$    $50+2$

9.  $18+4$    $2+2$

10.  $22+1$    $0+2$

11.  $17+3$    $50+2$

12.  $12+5$    $31+2$

13.  $12+4$    $10+2$

14.  $15+4$    $30+2$

15.  $12+1$    $40+2$

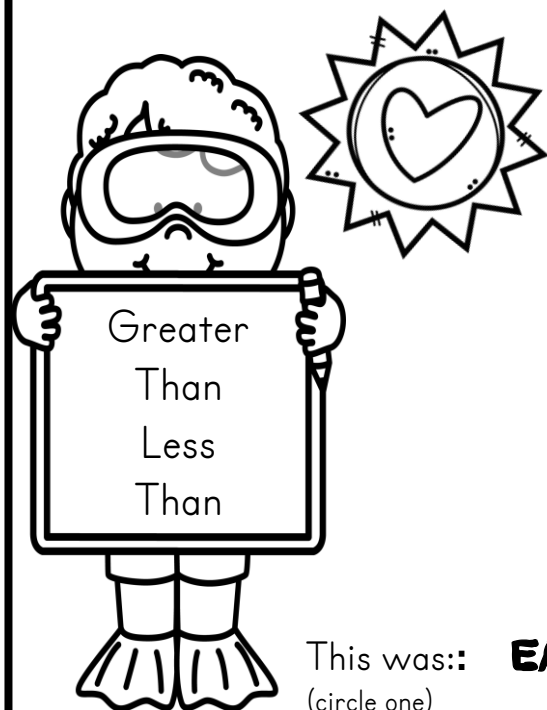
16.  $11+9$    $24+2$

17.  $13+4$    $22+2$

18.  $12+2$    $42+2$

19.  $10+4$    $12+2$

20.  $17+2$    $28+1$



This was:: **EASY** **JUST RIGHT** **HARD**  
(circle one)

# Greater Than Less Than

MATH

4.NBT.A.3

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Simplify and compare the values using the symbols  $<$ ,  $>$ ,  $=$ .

1.  $12-4$    $20-2$

2.  $5-5$    $10-2$

3.  $12-1$    $6-3$

4.  $16-3$    $10-2$

5.  $25-4$    $9-9$

6.  $18-3$    $37-2$

7.  $52-1$    $70-52$

8.  $31-0$    $50-2$

9.  $19-4$    $11-2$

10.  $21-4$    $30+2$

11.  $12-4$    $7-1$

12.  $8-4$    $20-2$

13.  $7-4$    $23-2$

14.  $17-7$    $9-2$

15.  $12-4$    $10-6$

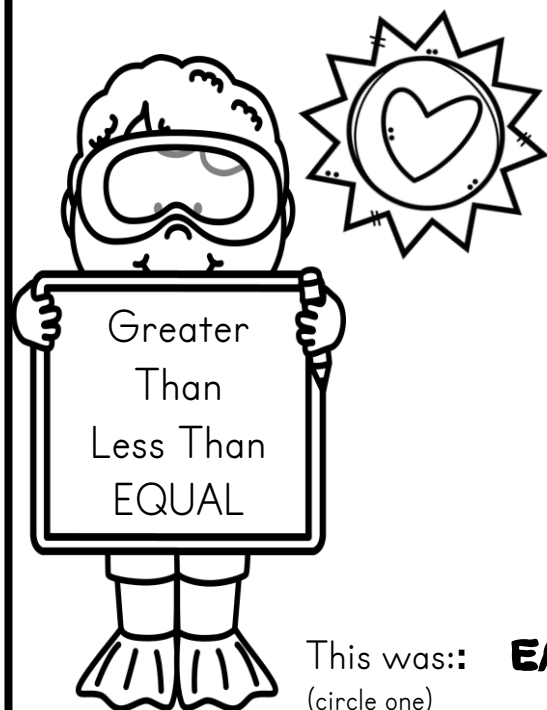
16.  $10-1$    $20-8$

17.  $12-8$    $33-3$

18.  $41-4$    $10-6$

19.  $19-3$    $21-5$

20.  $12-4$    $10-2$



This was:: **EASY** **JUST RIGHT** **HARD**  
(circle one)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

MATH  
4.NBT.B.6

# Multiplying 2 Digit by 1 Digit

Find the product. Show your work.

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 45 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 55 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 21 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 29 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 18 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 22 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \times 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 17 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 14 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 26 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 35 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 53 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

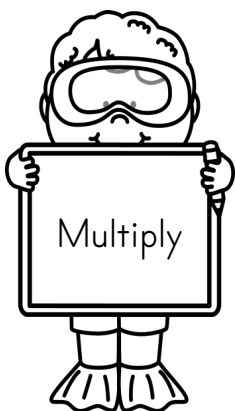
$$\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 13 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



This was::  
(circle one)

**EASY**

**JUST RIGHT**

**HARD**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

MATH  
4.NBT.B.6

# Multiplying 2 Digit by 1 Digit

Find the product. Show your work.

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 75 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 21 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 29 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 55 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 67 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 35 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 35 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 72 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 21 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 62 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 22 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 83 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 42 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 33 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 60 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 91 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ \times 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 85 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 65 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 72 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 95 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 35 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 62 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 53 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 85 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

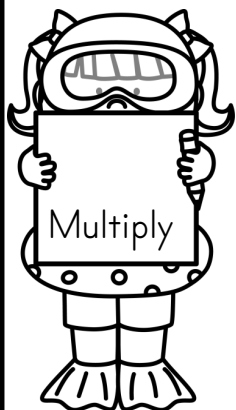
$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 63 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 22 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



This was:: **EASY** **JUST RIGHT** **HARD**  
(circle one)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

MATH  
4.NBT.B.6

# Multiplying 3 Digit by 1 Digit

Find the product. Show your work.

$$\begin{array}{r} 151 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 453 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 553 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 212 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 291 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 125 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 122 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 118 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 120 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 185 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 22 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 245 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 420 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 151 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 135 \\ \times 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 127 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 214 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 283 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 195 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 200 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 112 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 515 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 214 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 236 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 224 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 35 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 213 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 207 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 153 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 215 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

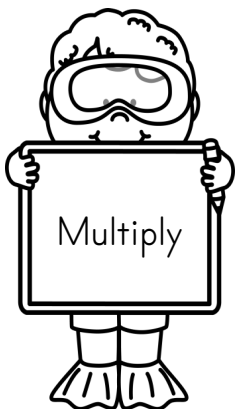
$$\begin{array}{r} 243 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 165 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 615 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 713 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 102 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



This was::  
(circle one)

**EASY**

**JUST RIGHT**

**HARD**

# Multiplication

Mental Math 4.NBT.B.5

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Use mental math to find and write the product.

$$80 \times 20 = \underline{1600}$$

$$80 \times 20 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$20 \times 10 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$40 \times 60 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$60 \times 70 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$90 \times 40 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$50 \times 20 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$80 \times 30 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$10 \times 60 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$60 \times 20 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$20 \times 30 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$80 \times 30 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$30 \times 30 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

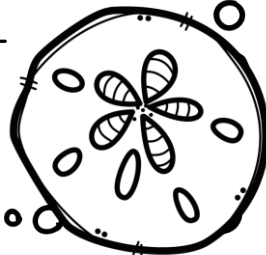
$$50 \times 40 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$80 \times 20 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$70 \times 10 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$90 \times 10 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$90 \times 30 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



# Multiplication

Mental Math

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Find the missing number.

$$8 \times \underline{\quad} = 48$$

$$2 \times \underline{\quad} = 66$$

$$9 \times \underline{\quad} = 81$$

$$3 \times \underline{\quad} = 15$$

$$\underline{\quad} \times 10 = 60$$

$$\underline{\quad} \times 7 = 63$$

$$\underline{\quad} \times 3 = 15$$

$$\underline{\quad} \times 5 = 25$$

$$\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 24$$

$$\underline{\quad} \times 9 = 81$$

$$24 = 8 \times \underline{\quad}$$

$$72 = 8 \times \underline{\quad}$$

$$49 = 7 \times \underline{\quad}$$

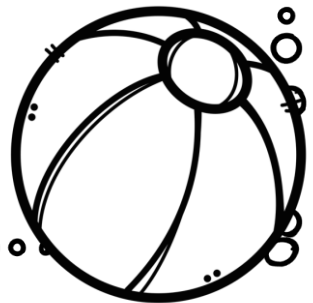
$$21 = 7 \times \underline{\quad}$$

$$5 \times \underline{\quad} = 25$$

$$9 \times \underline{\quad} = 45$$

$$36 = \underline{\quad} \times 6$$

$$30 = \underline{\quad} \times 3$$



# 4 Digit Subtraction

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Subtract the numbers.

$$\begin{array}{r} 5,039 \\ - 2,623 \\ \hline 2416 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2,135 \\ - 1,642 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4,349 \\ - 2,243 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7,039 \\ - 3,623 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

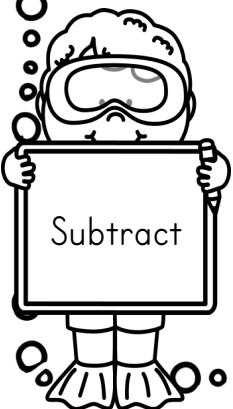
$$\begin{array}{r} 5,135 \\ - 4,142 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6,349 \\ - 3,243 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8,039 \\ - 6,439 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7,635 \\ - 4,436 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9,349 \\ - 5,273 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



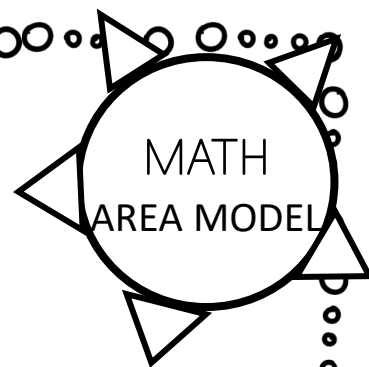
$$\begin{array}{r} 2,335 \\ - 2,012 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4,337 \\ - 2,242 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



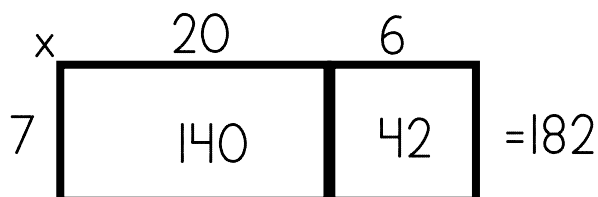
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## Multiply - AREA MODEL



Directions: Use the area model to find the product.

$$26 \times 7 = 182$$



$$72 \times 4 =$$



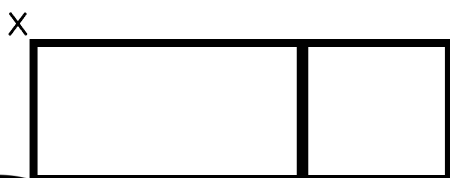
$$58 \times 2 =$$



$$86 \times 5 =$$



$$36 \times 4 =$$



$$92 \times 6 =$$



This was:: **EASY** **JUST RIGHT** **HARD**  
(circle one)

# Division

With Remainders

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Write the quotient and the remainder.

$$13 \div 2 = \underline{6} \text{ r} \underline{1}$$

$$26 \div 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$24 \div 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$84 \div 10 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$15 \div 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$98 \div 9 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$51 \div 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$33 \div 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$85 \div 9 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$67 \div 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$43 \div 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$53 \div 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$37 \div 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$27 \div 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$72 \div 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$78 \div 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$18 \div 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

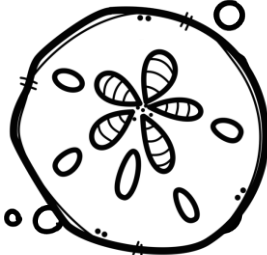
$$44 \div 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

**Explain:** How did you know there would be a remainder before you solved the problem?

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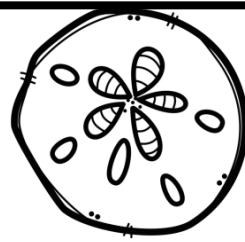
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NAME \_\_\_\_\_

# BAR GRAPH



Directions: Use the chart to complete the bar graph.

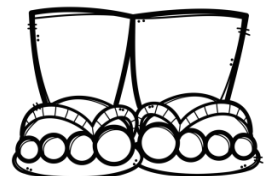
| = 1 student

Favorite Colors

<b>YELLOW</b>	<del>    </del> <del>    </del>
<b>RED</b>	<del>    </del>
<b>GREEN</b>	
<b>BLUE</b>	<del>    </del>
<b>PINK</b>	<del>    </del> <del>    </del>

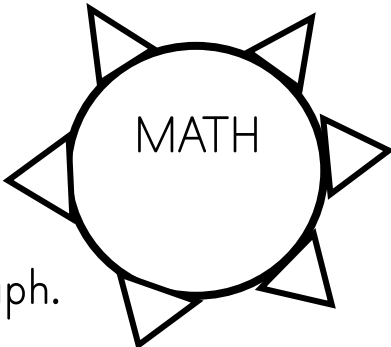

yellow      red      green      blue      pink

This was:: **EASY**    **JUST RIGHT**    **HARD**  
(circle one)













NAME \_\_\_\_\_

# BAR GRAPH



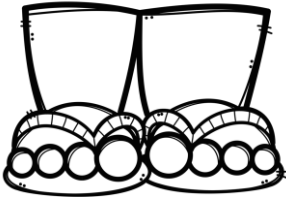
Directions: Use the chart to complete the bar graph.

Favorite Colors	
CHOCOLATE	 
STRAWBERRY	 
VANILLA	 
COOKIES & CREAM	
MINT CHOCOLATE CHIP	  


Chocolate      strawberry      vanilla      cookies & Cream      Mint Chocolate Chip

 = 3 students

This was:: **EASY**    **JUST RIGHT**    **HARD**  
(circle one)

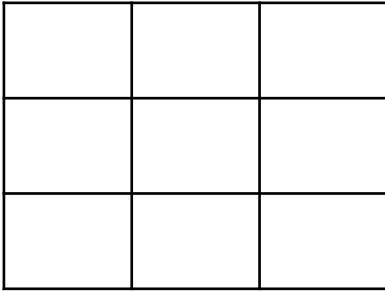


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

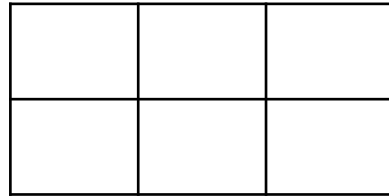
# Perimeter and Area



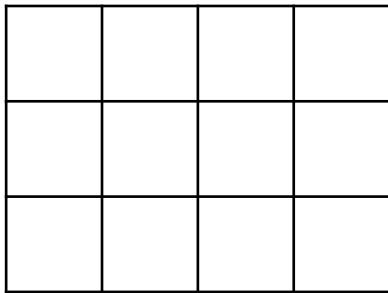
Find the area and the perimeter of each figure. Each square is 1 square cm.



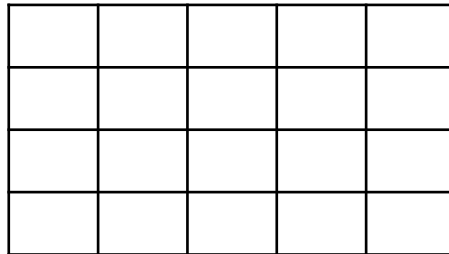
Area = 9 cm  
Perimeter = 12cm



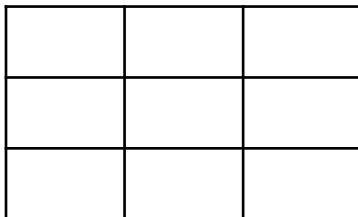
Area = \_\_\_\_\_  
Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_



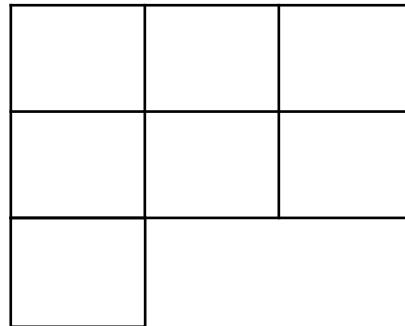
Area = \_\_\_\_\_  
Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_



Area = \_\_\_\_\_  
Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_



Area = \_\_\_\_\_  
Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_



Area = \_\_\_\_\_  
Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

# Counting Money

MONEY



= 1 dollar



= 25 cents

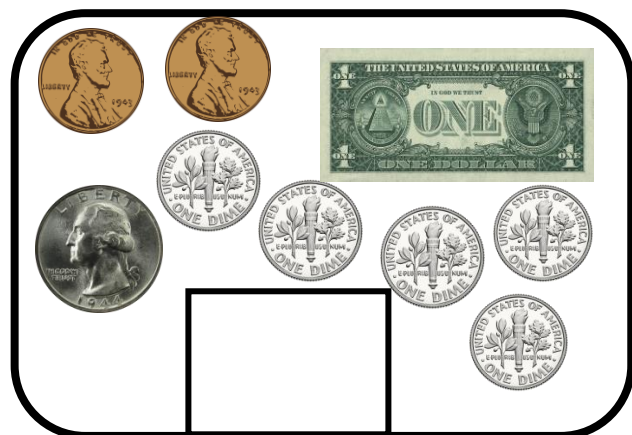


= 10 cents



= 1 cent

Directions: Count the money. Write the correct amount.

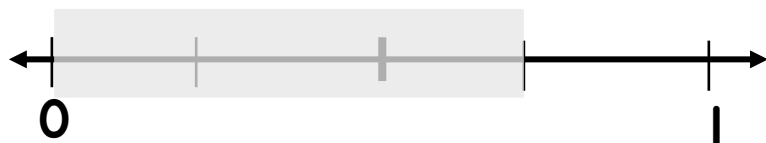


Bonus: How many quarters make 5 dollars? \_\_\_\_\_

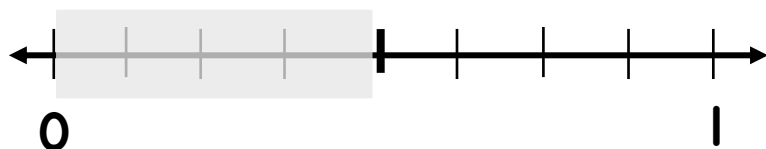
# Fractions on a Number Line

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

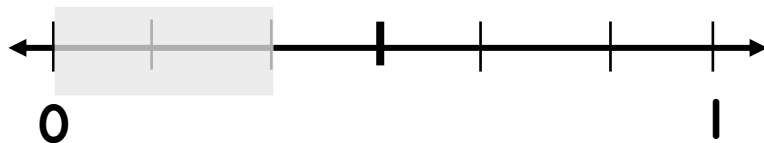
Directions: Write the fraction of what is shaded on the number line.

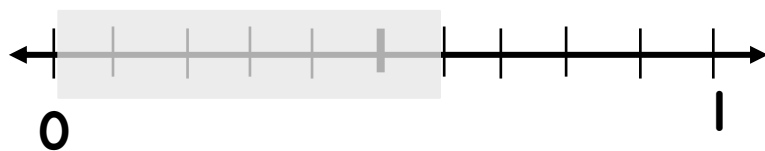


$\frac{3}{4}$







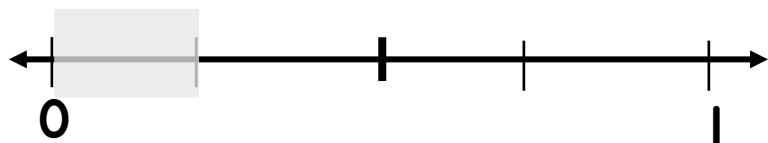




# Fractions on a Number Line

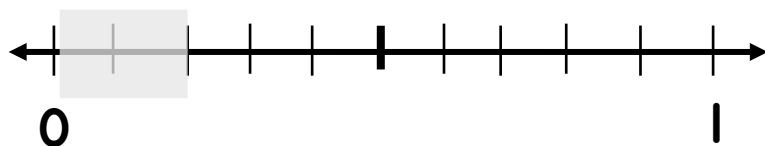
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Directions: Write the fraction of what is shaded on the number line.

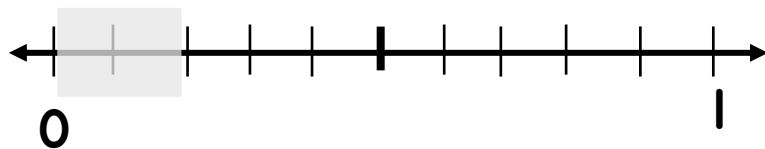


$\frac{1}{4}$











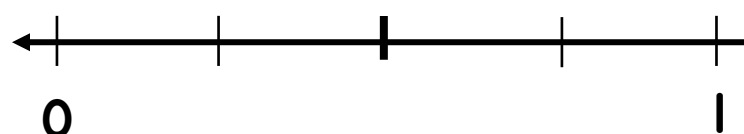
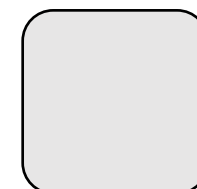
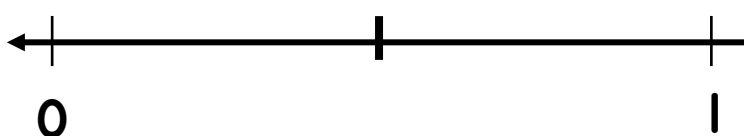
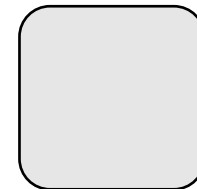
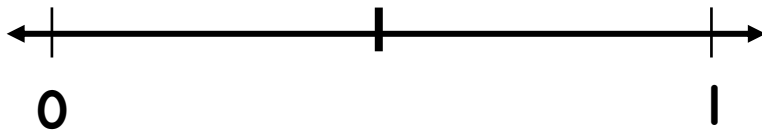
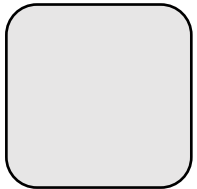
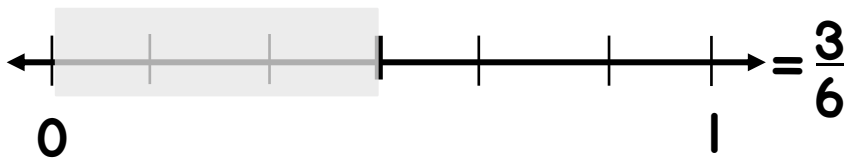
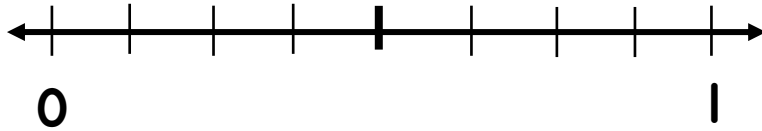
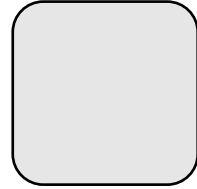
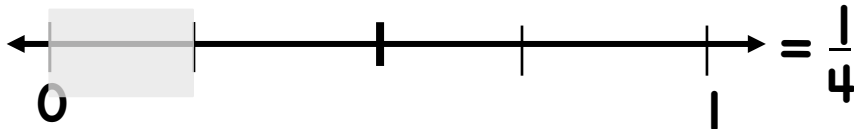


# Equivalent Fractions



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Directions: Using the number lines shown, what is the equivalent fraction?

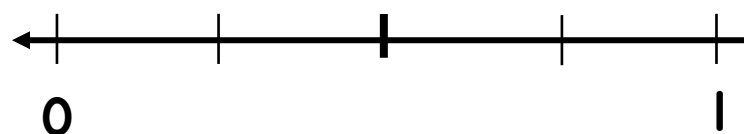
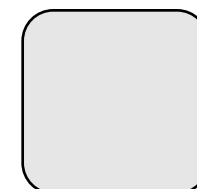
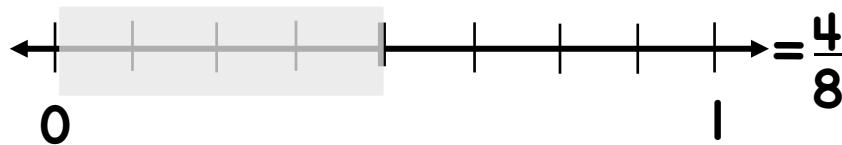
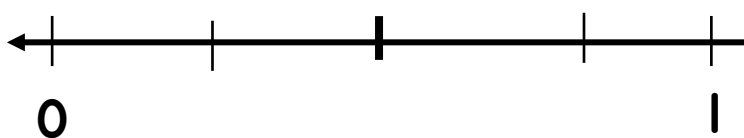
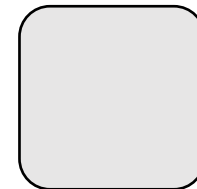
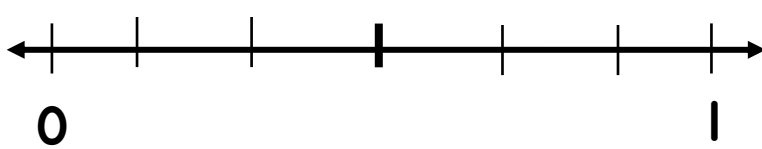
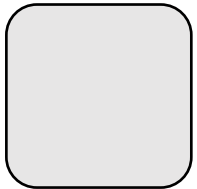
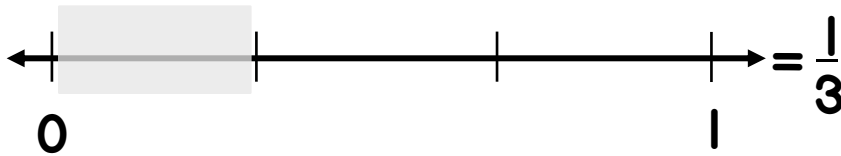
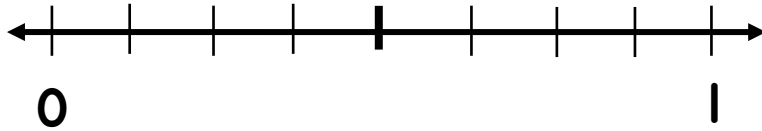
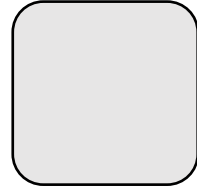
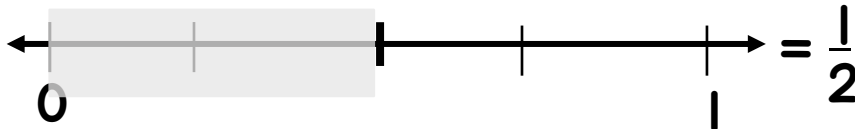


# Equivalent Fractions



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Directions: Using the number lines shown, what is the equivalent fraction?



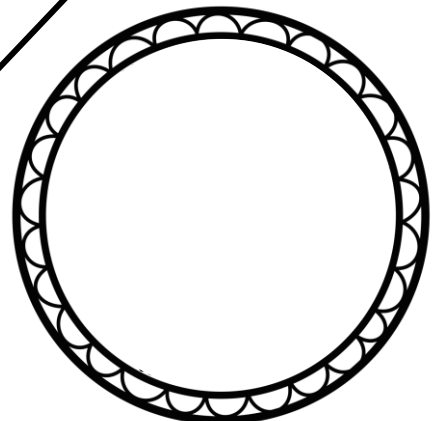
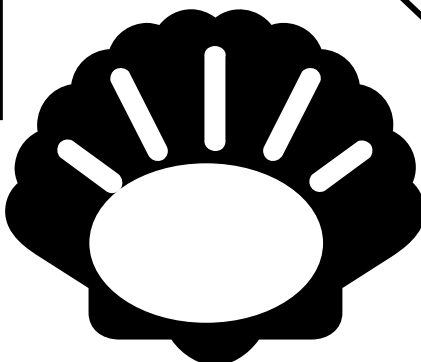
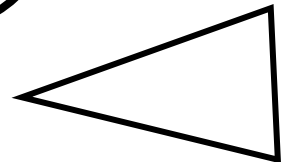
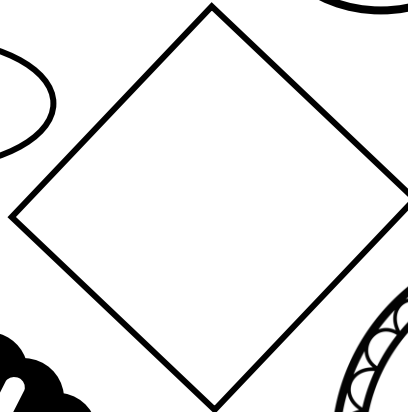
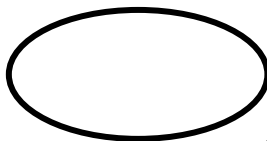
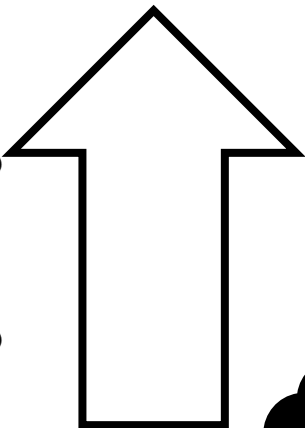
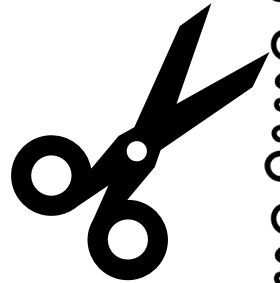
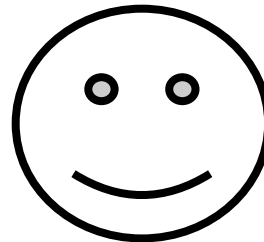
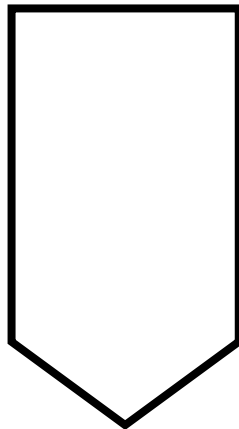
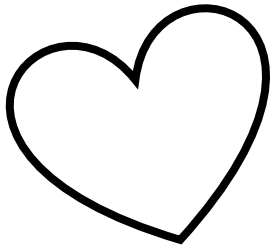
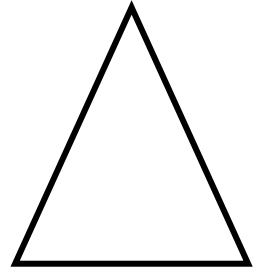
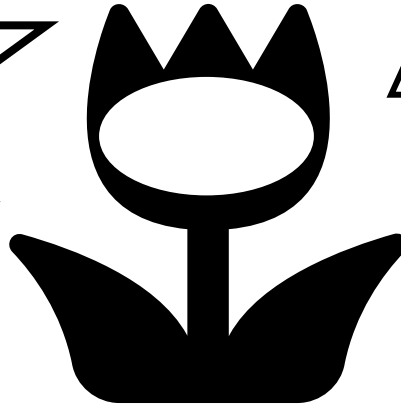
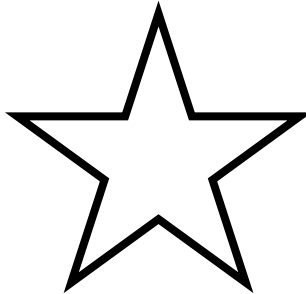
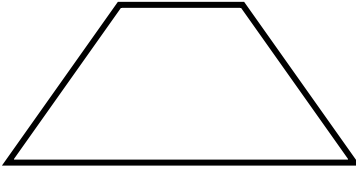
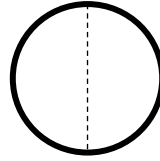
# Symmetry

4.G.A.3

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Draw a line of symmetry on each figure.

Example



# Geometry

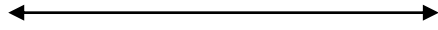
4G.A.1

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

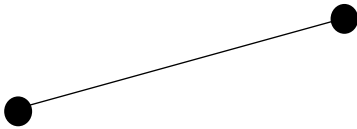
Directions: Label each illustration.



1. \_\_\_\_\_



2. \_\_\_\_\_



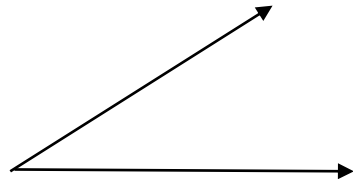
3. \_\_\_\_\_



4. \_\_\_\_\_



5. \_\_\_\_\_



6. \_\_\_\_\_

## WORD BANK

point

line

line segment

ray

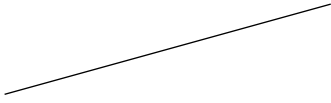
angle

# Geometry

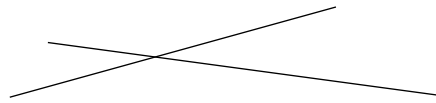
4G.A.1

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

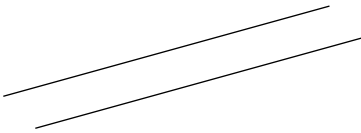
Directions: Label each illustration.



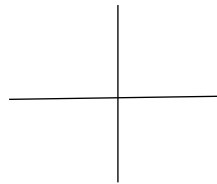
1. \_\_\_\_\_



2. \_\_\_\_\_



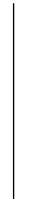
3. \_\_\_\_\_



4. \_\_\_\_\_



5. \_\_\_\_\_



6. \_\_\_\_\_

## WORD BANK

Parallel

perpendicular

intersecting

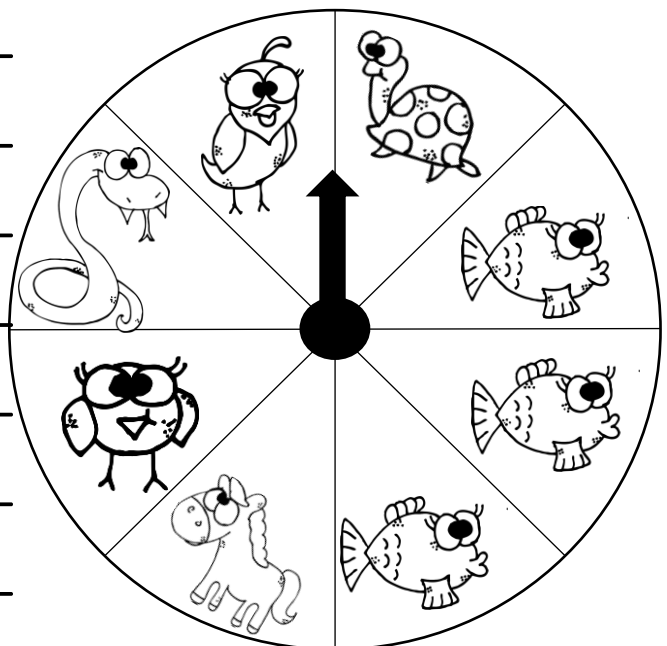
# Probability

MATH CONTENT

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Look at the spinner. and write the correct probability using the words: likely, less likely, 2 in 8 chances, equal chance, no chance.

1. What is the probability of the spinner landing on a fish? \_\_\_\_\_
2. What is the probability of NOT spinning on a fish? \_\_\_\_\_
3. What is the probability of the spinner landing on a bird? \_\_\_\_\_
4. What is the probability of the spinner landing on a pig? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Are you more likely to spin a snake or a turtle?  
\_\_\_\_\_ Explain.



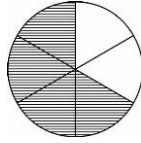
# Fractions

MATH CONTENT

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Directions: What is the fraction of the shaded area?

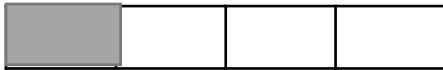
Reduce it, if possible.



1.

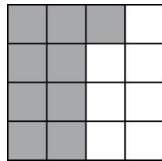
$$\frac{4}{6}$$

\_\_\_\_\_



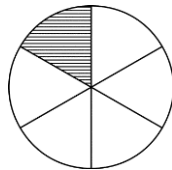
2.

\_\_\_\_\_



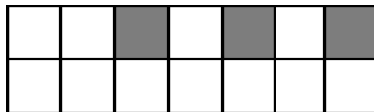
3.

\_\_\_\_\_



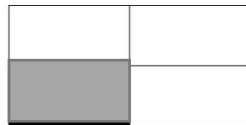
4.

\_\_\_\_\_



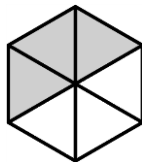
5.

\_\_\_\_\_



6.

\_\_\_\_\_



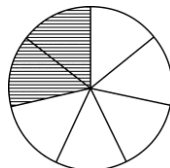
7.

\_\_\_\_\_



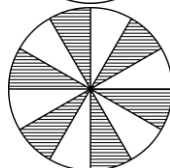
8.

\_\_\_\_\_



9.

\_\_\_\_\_



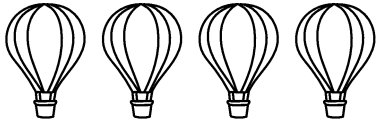
10.

\_\_\_\_\_

# Fractions

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Directions: Color the pictures to show the fraction.



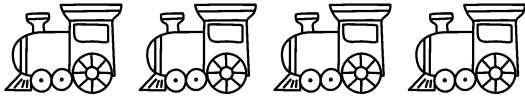
1.

$$\frac{3}{4}$$



2.

$$\frac{2}{5}$$



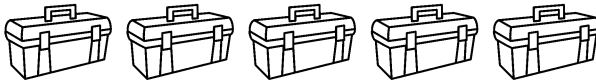
3.

$$\frac{1}{4}$$



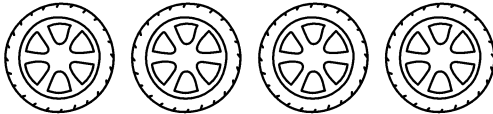
4.

$$\frac{1}{5}$$



5.

$$\frac{4}{5}$$



6.

$$\frac{2}{4}$$



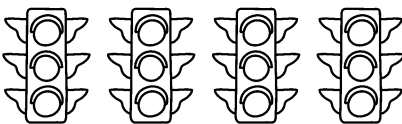
7.

$$\frac{3}{5}$$



8.

$$\frac{5}{5}$$



9.

$$\frac{4}{4}$$



10.

$$\frac{2}{3}$$



# Comparing

MATH.CONTENT.4.NBT.2

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Use  $<$ ,  $>$ , or  $=$  to signs to fill in the blank.

1,003 \_\_\_\_\_ 7,190

2,601 \_\_\_\_\_ 7,602

10,881 \_\_\_\_\_ 61,977

10,823 \_\_\_\_\_ 10,831

125,001 \_\_\_\_\_ 34,195

122,001 \_\_\_\_\_ 122,004

8,001 \_\_\_\_\_ 2,182

8,099 \_\_\_\_\_ 16,144

99,001 \_\_\_\_\_ 100,197

99,001 \_\_\_\_\_ 99,001

15,003 \_\_\_\_\_ 17,194

17,073 \_\_\_\_\_ 17,094

95,751 \_\_\_\_\_ 43,190

67,034 \_\_\_\_\_ 68,190

219,806 \_\_\_\_\_ 721,176

219,806 \_\_\_\_\_ 221,176

15,001 \_\_\_\_\_ 15,001

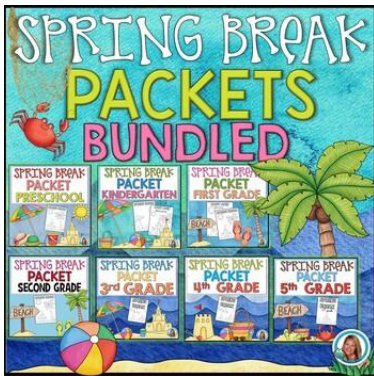
5,001 \_\_\_\_\_ 15,822

# Thank you for using your brain! Cindy

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